The Frontier Guardian.

BY ORSON HYDE. KANESVILLE, IOWA, FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1851. VOLUME III.----NUMBER 9.

The Frontier Guardian.

PUBLISHED SEMI-MONTHLY, BY
ORSON HYDE,.....EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE GUARDIAN.

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Storage, Forwarding, and Commission Business,

At Kanesville, Iowa, by

ORSON HYDE,—Editor of this paper.

IT is our design to enter into the above business, and having already made partial arrangements for receiving and forwarding heavy stocks of goods, wares and merchandize hence, to the Valley of the Salt Lake in the Spring, he flatters himself that his position and facilities will enable him to give general satisfaction, and thereby secure a liberal patronage.

He will receive in store all kinds of goods from the East, West, North or South; also shipments of produce by boat or wagon, and sell the same on commission if desired. Groceries received and sold on commission at wholesale only. Liberal cash advances made on all property left in charge Flour, Bacon, &c., &c.

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Kanesville, Nov 27, 1850

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St. Louis, Feb 7, 1851.—1y

FIFTH GENERAL EPISTLE

Of the Presidency of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, from Great Salt Lake Valley, State of Deseret, to the Saints scattered throughout the Earth.

GREETING:

BELOVED BRETHREN:—Ever mindful of the Redeemer's kingdom and of your interest therein, we gladly improve the present moment in expressing to you our watchfulness and care concerning you, and concerning those things which may tend to your present happiness and future exaltation. There is nothing that transpires around us, but what has [illegible]ncy to good or evil; and while we [illegible] world, and are surrounded by circ[illegible] events which have a bearing on o[illegible], either for or against, it becomes [illegible] Saints of the Most High, to inform and [illegible] informed; and to treasure up knowledge and wisdom concerning all things that are transpiring [illegible] earth; and in the heavens, so far as it concerns us and we are permitted to know; and in hell too, that we may be ready to shun every evil tendency, and embrace all good; and if through our pen the wisdom of God shall be made manifest for your good, comfort, consolation, and salvation, the greatest joy of our hearts will be realized.

The Church, of which you are members, was organized on the 6th of April, 1830, then consisting of six individuals, since which time it has continued to increase, and to be persecuted and driven from town to town, from county to county, and from State to State, and out of States; until its resting place in the wilderness and vallies of the mountains, is about three thousand miles from the place of its organization in the State of New York; and in those persecutions, prophets and apostles have been martyred for the truth's sake, and the elders have been scattered abroad on the four quarters of the earth, and the islands of the sea, preaching as they went; faith on the Lord Jesus Christ, repentance, baptism for the remission of sins, the laying on of hands for the reception of the Holy Ghost, the Lord's Supper, the gathering, the resurrection of the dead and eternal judgment; and hundreds of thousands have believed and yielded obedience to the heavenly message, and are patiently waiting the second coming of the Lord Jesus Christ; who, ere long, will set his feet again on Mount Olivet, and make himself manifest unto Israel, according to the predictions of the ancient prophets; for Israel must be gathered from all nations, and he again established in the land of their inheritance, and behold the wounds in the hands and side of Him whom they have pierced, and acknowledge Him as their Sav[illegible] One of Israel. The gathering of Israel [illegible]menced; Judea is receiving its [illegible] habitants, and the Holy City is re-building: which is one prominent sign of the near approach of the Messiah.

During the twenty-one years since the organization of the Church, the Gospel has been preached in Europe, Asia, Africa, America, the East and West Indies, and on many islands and clusters of islands in the Atlantic and Pacific; many thousands of Saints have gathered from various parts of the earth unto Zion; to America, the land which God has pointed out as a place of safety for his people, in these last days; and which will prove a place of refuge for kings, and princes, and nobles, and honorable men of the earth of all nations, whether rich or poor, who are disposed to seek refuge therein, when the overflowing scourges of God's wrath shall destroy the nations, and depopulate the earth on account of the multiplied infidelity and abominations of the inhabitants thereof. The unparalleled spread of the Gospel, in so short a space of time, and the rapid gathering of the Saints, is another token of Messiah's near approach.

The increasing convulsions of the nations, the multiplied wars and rumors of wars; the internal dissensions which threaten the dis-union and overthrow of the best governments on the earth; the increasing plagues and sickness in new and diversified forms, baffling the skill of the ablest physicians, and causing the wisdom of the wisest to perish; the increasing divisions among professing Christian parties, and members of the same party, showing, daily, a greater and greater want of that union which must exist to secure the perpetuity of the principles of righteousness among any people, and without which God's kingdom cannot exist on earth or in the heavens; the increase of whirlwinds, hurricanes, tornadoes, and earthquakes; the increase of the loss life by shipwreck and tempest, by steamboat explosions and burnings; the destruction of life and property by murder and incendiarism, robbery, burglary, and theft; the fearful sights, the strange signs, and knockings, and noises, frequently exhibited in the heavens and on the earth; the increase of seers, and wizards, and diviners, and familiar spirits, and soothsayers, and astrologers, who are charming the nations with their magic arts, lulling the foolish to sleep with their magnetic influence, deceiving priests and people by their necromancy, calling rain, snow, and fire from heaven, and scattering abroad the hoar frost like a winter's night, in their halls of science, and the people supporting them by their faith, influence, and money, leaving the poor, the sick, the widow and the fatherless, to mourn for the comforts of life in the solitary chamber, and the too general corruptions and abominations, and defilaments, and poluted practices of all flesh upon the face of the earth; all, all these signs, and multitudes more of a like nature, now existing, are the fulfillment of the prophecies, not only of the ancient prophets, but more particularly of the Latter-day Prophet and Apostle, Seer, and Revelator, Joseph Smith, who opened up the way of life and salvation to this generation, by the power of the everlasting Priesthood, which was restored to earth through him, and who prophesied and bore witness that all these, and many more like things should come to pass in this generation, as signs of the second coming of the Son of Man, which is near at hand; and verily his testimony is true, and his testament is in force, for he has sealed it with his blood; therefore, hear it all ye ends of the earth; believe on Jesus, be baptized in his name for the remission of your sins, and do all things he shall command, and you shall be saved in the presence of God and the Lamb; and there is no other way by which you can be saved.

Of the day and the hour of the coming of Christ no man knoweth. It is not yet, neither is it far off; there are prophecies yet to be fulfilled before that event takes place; therefore, let no man deceive the Saints with vain philosophy and false prophecy; for false prophets will arise, and deceive the wicked, and, if possible, the good; but while the wicked fear and tremble at surrounding judgments, the Saints will watch and pray; and, waiting the final event in patience, will look calmly on the passing scenery of a corrupted world, and view transpiring events as confirmation of their faith in the holy gospel which they profess, and rejoice more and more, as multiplied signs shall confirm the approach of the Millennial day.

The Saints at home are making preparations to receive the Saints from abroad, and we feel grateful to our heavenly Father that we can bear witness in truth, that the choice blessings of the God of Abraham have rested upon his people, in the vallies of the mountains, since we last wrote you. The winter has been mild, compared with most winters, and much business has been transacted which could not have been done, had the weather been severe. Several grain and lumber mills have been erected, in the various settlements, the past winter; many shingles have been made, and all that is wanting to bring them into immediate use, is nails; and let the Saints, coming hither, remember this in particular. Chairs and various articles of furniture are multiplying in our midst. Two or three threshing machines have been in successful operation in our Valley, the past fall and winter, which have saved the labor of many hundred days, which have been appropriated to other objects of improvment; yet more machines will be wanted for threshing, in this Valley, the present season, and also in the various settlements of other vallies, and there is no fear of bringing too many, or too many fanning mill irons, and the most approved drafts for manufacturing the same.

It is a subject never to be forgotten [illegible] kinds ever needed by almost any community, can be employed to greater advantage in Deseret, than any other place on earth. Suppose a brother coming home brings some piece machinery with which he can sow, reap, thresh, fan, or perform the labor of 10 men at this or any other kind of business necessary to be done, nine elders could be immediately released from their employment, and go forth to preach the Gospel, and the improvments of Deseret, and the necessary preparations for a multiplying population suffer no material injury; while, under existing circumstances, there is enough for all to do who are here, to prepare for the coming of others; consequently it is not wisdom to send many elders on foreign missions at present.

Our Council House was so far completed during the fall, that the several apartments have been occupied through the winter, to the great joy of this people. The warm spring Bath House was completed, and dedicated by prayer and festival, on the 27th of November, since which time the House has been open to the public, for health and pleasure. The tithing store house was enclosed last fall, and so far completed that one apartment has been used for a store, another for storage of grain, others for mechanic's shops, while the cellars have been filled with vegetables, and the whole in progress of finishing. Building has hitherto been retarded, at times, for lack of lumber; but the prospect is much more flattering for the future. The inclosing for the university lands by a substantial stone wall is commenced and progressing, with a prospect of being completed this season. Great loss has been sustained hitherto, by straying of cattle; but the tithing pasture, a large tract of land on the northern border of the City, is so far enclosed by fence and ditch, that it will soon be completed, and be of great utility this season. The Church farm is partly fenced. All who can bring wire No 9, will find it of great advantage in fencing in the Valley.

The State has appropriated two thousand dollars towards opening a woollen manufactory in this Valley the present season; and any amount of raw cotton, or cotton yarn, which may be brought hither, will prove highly useful to combine in certain fabrics, with the wool which grows in the Valley. Our pottery is nearly completed, and we are expecting to use China ware of our own manufacture in a few weeks. Cutlery establishments have commenced in the City, on a small scale, but more laborers are needed.

The snow fell on the mountains surrounding this Valley on the 10th of October, and has continued to the present time, but in the Valley there was no snow till the 1st of November, about seven inches deep; and the first severe frost was on the 5th; and again on the 1st of December about four inches of snow fell, and at other times the snow has fallen, but seldom over four or five inches in the Valley during one storm. The first two nights in February were the coldest during the winter. Most of the month of March was very pleasant, and was improved by the farmers in putting in wheat. There was not so much wheat sown in the Valley last fall as there was the fall previous, but considerable has been sown this Spring. The spring sowing is quite as sure a crop as the winter, and equal in quantity and quality. The last week in March and first in April have been visited with high winds, alternate from south and north-west; some slight showers, and some snow squalls of three or four inches, during nights which would pass off during the next day; and wheat sowing continues the principle business of the day, and may be continued from four to six weeks.

Elder Amasa Lyman arrived by the northern route, from California, on the 30th of September; and Elder C. C. Rich, by the [illegible] route, arrived on the 12th of November, accompanied by a company of [illegible] of the brethren on their return from the Gold Mines, of the products of which they brought very little with them; some were compelled to borrow to get home; and many who remained at the Mines would gladly have returned home if they could procured means.

December 7th, Elder George A. Smith, left this City with about 130 men, a few families, and a good supply of teams, seeds and tools, for the purpose of establishing a settlement in Iron County, (Little Salt Lake,) about 250 miles, nearly South. We learn by an express that the colony have located in a good place, excellent soil and water, plenty of wood, iron ore, and alum, with some prospect of stone coal; a field of 1600 acres, and 400 of it sown, and that they design to sow the whole this season. And their houses, which are to constitute a Fort, and their meeting house is progressing rapidly. The name of the place is Cedar City.

November 27th, the Quorum of Seventies, in conference assembled, agreed to erect an extensive Rotunda in Great Salt Lake City, to be called the "Seventies' Hall of Science," and Joseph Young, their President, was appointed trustee and superintendent of the work. The foundation of the Hall is commenced on East Temple and Second South streets. Shares are twenty-five dollars, and the Seventies abroad will do well to forward their means for the Hall, to the Trustee, inasmuch as they desire to own shares, and partake of the blessings of the Hall on their return. All the elders of the different quorums are permitted to take shares. The design is highly commendable to the brethren, and such a building is much needed in this place.

At a special session of the Great Salt Lake County Court [illegible] various terms, who, after serving a portion of their time, were pardoned by the executive, and have gone on their way to California, the place of their original destination. This was the first jury trial there has been in the State of Deseret since its organization, and the first occasion for the empanelling of a grand jury. It is supposed that about three hundred emigrants who quartered in the Valley the past winter, have left for the gold mines this Spring. Many emigrants on arriving at this place, heard the gospel, believed, and were baptized, and thus far proved their sincerity by their works; while some professed to believe and were baptized, but their works have made manifest their hypocrisy, and their sins remain on their own heads. Had it not been for such kind of characters, no jury would have been needed in Deseret to this day.

In the former part of January, the General Assembly of Deseret granted an act of incorporation to Great Salt Lake City, and on the 11th of the same month the Great Salt Lake City Council was organized; Jedediah M. Grant, Mayor, with four Aldermen, and nine Counsellors; and municipal law immediately began to extend its influence over the City. About the same time, charters were granted by the General Assembly, on petition to Ogden City, in Weber County, to Provo City, in Utah County; to Manti City, in Sanpete County; and to Cedar City, in Iron County. All the counties in the State were greatly strengthened by the last emigration, and since that time several new settlements have been formed, and the agricultural interest of the State has been greatly extended.

A railroad has been chartered, to extend from Temple block in this City, to the stone quarry and mountain on the East, for the conveyance of building materials; the construction to commence immediately.

A small company of brethren arrived from California, by the south route, on the 27th of January, bringing the rumored intelligence that Utah Territory had been organized, and Brigham Young appointed Governor; which intelligence has recently been reiterated through the medium of the eastern mail, in a manner which leaves no room to doubt; but as yet, the official notice, reports, or papers have not all been received. We anticipate no convulsive revolutionary feeling or movement, by the citizens of Deseret in the anticipated change of governmental affairs; but an easy and quiet transition from State to Territory, like weary travelers descending a gentle hill near by their way-side home.

As a people, we know how to appreciate, most sensibly the hand of friendship which has been extended towards our infant State by the General Government. Coming to this place as did the citizens of Deseret, without the means of subsistence, except the labor of their hands, in a wilderness country, surrounded by savages, whose inroads have given occasion for many tedious and expensive expeditions; the relief afforded by our mother land, through the medium of the approaching territorial organization, will be duly estimated; and from henceforth, we would fondly hope the most friendly feelings may be warmly cherished between the various States and Territories of this great nation, whose constitutional charter is not to be excelled.

The first Presidency of the Quorum of Seventies, have been in frequent conference, the past winter, with the Presidents of their several Quorums, enquiring into the situation of their officers, severing from their office all such as have been known to dishonor their high and holy calling, and filling these vacancies with worthy men; also in filling the places of those who have been known to die since the quorums were organized in Nauvoo. The High Priest's, and other quorums of the Church, have held their weekly meetings in the Council House during the winter, so that the House has scarce been cold since it was so far completed as to be occupied.

In January, we visited the brethren in Davis and Weber counties, and organized a stake of Zion at Ogden City, by appointing a Presidency, High Council and Bishops; Loron Farr is President of the stake. Officers were also appointed in various places in Davis County, as there was occasion.

Elders Amasa Lyman and Charles C. Rich, left this place early in March, with others, the Camp amounting to about one hundred and fifty wagons, (some of which were to stop and locate themselves in Iron County,) for the purpose of establishing a settlement in the southern part of California, at no great distance from San Diego, and near Williams' Ranche and Cahone Pass, between which and Iron County, we design to establish settlements as speedily as possible, which Elder Lyman will commence on his route, if practicable, so as to have a continued line of stations and places of refreshment between this point and the Pacific, which route is passable during the winter months.

March 19th, we visited the Saints in Utah, and organized a stake of Zion at Provo City, by appointing Isaac Higbee President, with his Counsellors, High Council and Bishops. On the 24th, we visited Elders Lyman and Rich's Camp, at Payson, and saw them organized read for their departure. Elder Pace presides over the Branch at Payson, which is situated on Petetneet Creek. There are settlements also, at Pleasant Grove and Springville. We left Elder P. P. Pratt, accompanied by Bishop John Murdock, and Elders William J. Perkins, John S. Woobury, Richard R. Hopkins, Philo B. Wood, Morris Minor, and Francis A. Hammond, with Elder Lyman's company, on his [illegible] shade trees are being set on the borders of the side-walks. School houses have been built in most of the wards, both in the City and county, and schools have been sustained therein the past winter, and we joyfully anticipate that the time has arrived, when our children may be partakers of the blessings of constantly continued schools, in their several wards. The Parent School is in successful operation in the Council House under the tuition of Chancellor O. Spencer and Regent W. W. Phelps. The design of this School is to prepare its pupils to become teachers, and for all who may desire to advance in the higher branches of education. It is designed for the Parent School to be open continually.

Hitherto, California emigrants have been accustomed to leave their sick on our hands, at a heavy expense, and depart without notice; to turn their teams loose in our streets, and near our City, which has caused much destruction of crops and grass, so that it we wanted a load of hay, we have had to go from ten to twenty miles to procure it, and drive our cattle a still greater distance to herd the succeeding winter; but since the organization of a municipality, quarantine has been introduced, and no animals are permitted to roam within the corporation, which extends to some six or eight miles square; and when the surrounding lands are fenced, the accommodations in our immediate vicinity, for those who travel by multitudes, will be small indeed; and, we believe it will be more convenient for the great mass of travelers to the mines, to go by Fort Hall, or some route north of this, saving to themselves the expense and hindrance of quarantine; and other inconveniences arising from a temporary location near a populous city, where cattle are not permitted to run at large.

In view of the anticipated change in our government, and to facilitate business, the General Assembly of Deseret appointed Gov. Young their agent, to receive the $20,000 appropriated by Congress to build a State House in Utah Territory, and cause said House to be erected without delay on Union Square, in this City, a little north-west of Temple Block; and the Assembly adjourned sine die on Saturday last. Dr. J. M. Bernhisel has been appointed by the President to select the Utah Library, for which Congress has appropriated $5000, and, at our latest advices, he was in New York, making the selection. Dr. Bernhisel has issued a circular, soliciting editors and publishers of newspapers, magazines, pamphlets, and books, to forward a copy of their productions to Great Salt Lake City, for the benefit of Utah Library. We are happy in announcing the arrival of a few papers and pamphlets already, and if the friends of science generally shall respond in like manner, by forwarding a copy of their works, we will soon have a most valuable reading room attached to the Utah Library, which will cause the blessings of thousands to rest upon the heads of the liberal donors.

The best interest of the Perpetual Emigrating Fund are continually before us, and we would urge the importance of its object upon all the Saints, and desire they would add to its funds by all laudable means, for when once a line of communication is established between this and the Pacific, those funds can be made to bear in a more effective manner than they can under existing circumstances. We are looking forward in hope, that the time is not far distant, when the most speedy conveyance may be had between this and the western coast.

It is wisdom for the English Saints to cease emigration by the usual route through the States, and up the Missouri River; and remain where they are till they shall hear from us again; as it is our design to open up a way across the interior of the continent, by Panama, Tehauntepec; or some of the interior routes, and land them at San Diego, and thus save three thousand miles of inland navigation through a most sickly climate and country. The Presidency in Liverpool will open every desirable correspondence in relation to the various routes, and rates, and conveniences, from Liverpool to San Diego, and make an early report, so that if possible the necessary preparations may be made for next Fall's emigration.

We contemplate erecting a wall around the Temble Block this season, preparatory to laying the foundation of a Temple the year following; and this we will be sure to do, if all the Saints shall prove themselves as ready to pay their tithing, and sacrifice and consecrate of their substance as freely as we will: and if the Saints do not pay their tithing, we can never build or prepare for building; and if there shall be no Temple built, the Saints can have no endowments; and if they do not receive their endowments, they can never attain unto that salvation they are anxiously looking for. So far as the Saints in the United States and Canada desire to see the work of the Lord prosper, let them arise as one man, and come to Deseret, where they can do more for Zion in one year than they can in many years where they are. Come on the Saints' route north of the Platte, as we stated in our last Epistle, leaving the grave yards on the south of the Platte to a future resurrection. If all were agreed in this move, there need not be a Saint left in the States of Canada one year hence. This is wisdom; but if you shall continue to hold on to your farms, and improvements, and effects, for the purpose of improving the price, and making money, you may expect to want help in a future day, when it will be difficult to obtain; and the Saints need not ever to expect a more convenient time to gather out of the States than the present. [illegible] secret in their depredations.

We have received very few letters from the elders abroad since our last Epistle although there is a monthly mail between this and Independence, Mo., when not interrupted by snow, as it has been mostly the past three months. The twelve Apostles are abroad, except Wilford Woodruff and Ezra T. Benson, who are in the Valley. Their President, Orson Hyde, is located at Kanesville, Iowa, and is expected to visit the Valley this Summer. Parley P. Pratt is on his way to the Society and Sandwich Islands, and Chili; his mission extends to all lands in, and bordering on the Pacific. At last accounts, the work was very prosperous at the Society Isles. We have not heard from the Sandwich mission since the arrival of Elder Hiram Clark and his associates. Orson Pratt is supposed to be in the States on his way to the Valley, where he will be associated with the University of Deseret for a season. John Taylor was at Boulogne, in France, at our latest dates, preaching, translating, and publishing. Lorenzo Snow, having visited the Italian States, was located at Piedmont, in Switzerland. Erastus Snow is at Copenhagen, and the work is prospering in Sweden, Denmark, Norway, Germany, and all that region. We received a letter from Brother Snow, dated Copenhagen, August 17th, 1850. He is translating the Book of Mormon. Franklin D. Richards is Presiding over the Church in the British Isles, and his office is in Liverpool. Amasa Lyman and Charles C. Rich are *en route* to the Cahone Pass. George A. Smith is Presiding at Iron County. The mission of the Twelve Apostles now abroad, is to all nations, kindred, tongues and people, upon the face of the whole earth; and whenever and wherever the Lord shall open a door for their admission, they will scatter the seed, and, if needs be, will leave wise men to gather the harvest; being guided, directed, and counselled in all their movements by the principle of revelation, and the Holy Ghost dwelling within them; and may the God of Abraham and Joseph help them on their missions, for verily they will not have time to preach to all nations before all flesh shall be seized with fear and trembling in view of those things which the Almighty is about to bring to pass, for the wickedness of man is great before Him, and the earth He will purify by fire.

There has been more sickness in the Valley this Spring, than usual, and several deaths, though the people in the other Valleys have been well generally. We know of no reason why this Valley is not as healthy in its location and character as any other, but as this is the place for the first arrival of the Saints, a greater proportion of the infirm stop here, where they can more readily procure the comforts of life, while the hardier portion go forward to newer settlements; and a great portion of the sickness in our midst arises from the seeds of disease and death sown in the system, while tarrying and passing through the aguish regions of the western states. Sickness here is gen-

erally of short duration, and ends speedily in health or death. The families of the Elders who are on foreign missions are in usual health at this time.

The Saints in their gathering should never forget to gather and bring all choice seeds, for here is the place for them to grow and be useful; a large quantity of osage orange, and other seeds suitable for hedges, through which wire may be passed to make fence, are much needed at this time. Bring all the lath and shingle nails you can, also glass, wire No. 9, raw cotton, cotton yarn, machinery, and domestics.

Amid all the revolutions that are taking place among the nations, the elders will ever pursue an undeviating course in being subject to the Government wherever they may be, and sustain the same by all their precepts to the Saints, having nothing to do with political questions which engender strife, remembering that the weapons of their warfare are not carnal but spiritual, and that the gospel which they preach is not of man but from heaven; and if they persecute you beyond measure in one city, country, or kingdom, leave the testimony which Jesus has given for a witness unto your Father in Heaven, that you are free from their blood, and flee to other cities, countries, or kingdoms where they will receive you and believe your testimony.

During the early part of the last session of the General Assembly of Deseret, the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints was incorporated into a body politic, in accordance with the general principles of incorporation, given by christian governments to religious societies, with power to choose a trustee in trust and assistant trustees to hold the property, and manage the financial affairs of the Church for its benefit and convenience; and during the present general conference President Brigham Young was unanimously and legally elected trustee in trust of the Church, and Edward Hunter assistant trustee, and Presiding Bishop.

Should the way open for any of the scattering Saints (except such as we have before counselled to tarry where they are,) to ship direct to San Diego, in California, they will do so, and from thence they can work their passage to the settlement about to be formed by Brs. Lyman and Rich in that vicinity, and from thence to this place.

May grace, mercy, peace, and prosperity be multiplied unto all the Saints, in the name of Jesus: Amen.

BRIGHAM YOUNG,
HEBER C. KIMBALL,
WILLARD RICHARDS.

G. S. L. City, Deseret, April 7th, 1851.

For the World's Fair.

No less than eleven fine steamers will leave this country for England during the month of May, with living cargoes for the great exhibition, The programme is as follows:—

	Steamer.	For.	From
May 6th,	Humboldt,	Southampton,	New York.
" 7th,	Asia,	Liverpool,	"
" 7th,	Lafayette,	"	Philadelphia.
" 10th,	Pacific,	"	New York.
" 14th,	Niagara,	"	Boston.
" 15th,	City of Glasgow,	"	Philadelphia.
" 17th,	Herman,	Southampton,	New York.
" 21st,	Europa,	Liverpool,	"
" 25th,	Arctic,	"	"

May 8th, 1851.

Mr. Orson Hyde:

Dear Sir:—I this day received two numbers of the Frontier Guardian, in which I find an article headed, (Information Wanted,) and which appears to be Editorial, in which you say; Dr. Luke Johnson, assistant Marshal to take the Census of Pottawatamie County, made his returns in due time to Hon. Stephen B. Shelledy, but has received no official acknowledgement of the same, from the chief Marshal; neither has he received any portion of his pay for his services, though he has written to the Marshal upon the subject to our knowledge long enough to have received a reply. He is in need of his pay after having rendered the services, and if there is any defect in the performance of the duty assigned him, as a reason for this *silence* and *neglect* to *forward* him his pay, he considers it his due to have been apprised of it before this time Have the mails been robbed, or has the Marshal *neglected* to write him and *forward* him the pay as requested? Information on this subject is what the Deputy Marshal wants, and having failed to get any through private correspondence, he seeks a more *public* way of obtaining the desired information.

Now sir, as you have taken it on yourself as the Editor of a Public Journal, (through sheer ignorance I hope and not through *malice*,) to cast a public censure on me, both as an officer and a gentleman I hope you will not refuse to give the following brief explanation as wide a circulation as your *gratuitous* charge has had.

On the 26th of December I received the Census returns from Luke Johnson, late in the evening. On the 27th I compared the two sets and found them to agree, and on the same day I mailed one set to Washington, and the other set to Iowa City. I also on the same day forwarded to the Superintendant of Census at Washington, a certificate certifying that the work was done to my satisfaction, and that the assistant was entitled to receive for his services, four hundred and twenty dollars and ninty-four cents. On the same day I mailed to Mr. Johnson a note, of which the following is a copy:

Dear Sir:—Your returns have been received, and compared, and found to be satisfactory, and a certificate to that effect forwarded to the department at Washington with the amount of your compensation, which is, four hundred and twenty dollars and ninty-four cents.

You say in your article in the Guardian, that Mr. Johnson has written to the Marshal long enough ago to have received a reply. This is saying in a *very public manner* what you did not know to be true, and what in fact is not true. When the letter of which you speak came to the possession of my family, I was in the north part of the State, on official business, and did not receive the letter till my return home, which was about five weeks. I supposed by that time that Mr. Johnson would have received his pay, from Washington, and therefore did not reply to his immediately; I wrote to Mr. Johnson in two or three days that I had received notice of the receipt of his work at Washington, and that in due time he would receive a draft from Washington, for one half the amount, and the balance at some future time, and I referred him to the 21st Section of the Act of the 23d May last, a copy of which was furnished him with his Instructions. This letter was mailed at Tools Point, Iowa.

If you willl examine the 21st Section of the Act above referred to, you will find that by the publication of the article of censure in your paper, you and Mr. Johnson have both betrayed an *ignorance* that ought to make you very cautious for the future how you *publicly* censure any person, and particularly one who has manifested nothing but feelings of confidence and respect for you. You were consulted by me with reference to the appointment of a Deputy for your County, and the person appointed, that you recommended, and I think it both *ungrateful* and *ungentlemanly* to publish such censure unless you knew that I was *censurable*. I persume that Mr. Johnson will be satisfied that he has neither been treated with *silence* or *neglect* when he sees that his work was examined and certified to the Department the day after it was received by me.

I have a full record of all my proceedings in this matter and cannot be mistaken in dates, or details, which are open to the inspection of all persons. I think that both yourself and Mr. Johnson will find that it would have been better to have sought a little longer by *private* correspondence for the desired information, instead of this *more public manner*. I hope you will both be satisfied that there has been no neglect on my part toward Mr. Johnson, and that if he has not received his pay the blame if any rests not with me, and I hope for the future that you will be well satisfied of my *dereliction* or *neglect* or *dishonesty*, before you send out my name in the columns of your paper, coupled with such *insinuations*, and *especially* that you will post yourself up well in the law and my duties under it, before you read me lectures for the non-performance of those duties under the law.

By the 21st Section of the Act above referred to you will see that Mr Johnson must look to the Secretary of the Interior for his pay and not to me, and if you are Mr. Johnson's Guardian, you now have a chance to strike at higher game. I have no doubt but that the Department at Washington are as expeditious as the nature of the service will permit, and that in due time the Assistants will all receive their pay.

I think that as a matter of justice you will not refuse to publish the foregoing, so that the injustice which your publication has done me, (unintentional I hope,) may in some measure be removed, having done this I will therewith be content; otherwise I shall resort to some other source in order to make the defence as public as the charge. If you publish this, send me a copy of your paper to Tools Point, Jasper County, Iowa.

Respectfully Your,
Obedient Servant,
STEPHEN B. SHELLEDY,

quest, and feel but wholly unlike him who sought to be spoken to by the King He tried in divers ways to arrest the attention of his Majesty, but in vain; until at length, as a desperate effort, he placed himself directly in the path of the King and thereby obtained the desired honor: His Majesty spoke to him! and what did he say? In an angry mood, he told him to get out of his road. To be noticed with a rod, is sometimes less annoying than not to be noticed at all

We confess that we were consulted in relation to the appointment of a Deputy Marshal. Our opinion as to the proper person was honored; and we think that the Chief Marshal will do us the justice to say, from the appearance and style of the returns, that the confidence extended to us was not ill-directed, and while we confess gratitude for the confidence reposed in us, we are considered entitled to none for procuring a faithful and efficient Assistant or Deputy.

It was not through malice that we published the article. It was through a desire to know if the returns had been received, and if so, whether they were accepted and satisfactory. Touching the source from where the pay was to come, we confess our ignorance. We are not Dr. Johnson's Guardian, neither are we indebted to him for our ignorance upon this subject. We knew that he had diligently watched the arrival of the mails for a long time, and received no word about the returns. The letter referred to, as having been received by the Marshal's family in his absence to the North on official business, was penned in our office; and if our memory serve, that letter stated that no word or intelligence had been received from the Census returns from this County since they were sent off by the Mail. This letter was not noticed by the Marshal until the article appeared in the Guardian. We cannot hold Mr. Shelledy responsible for the failure of the Mail in the transmission of intelligence He says he notified Dr. Johnson upon the receipt of the returns. We believe him! Dr. Johnson received no such notice; and Mr. Shelledy ought not to hold us responsible if the Mail fails to do its duty.

What would any man think, who felt a little pride in executing his trust diligently and faithfully, and who could neither get the approval or disapproval of his Superior, of the manner in which his task was performed? He would feel a painful anxiety about it. The Deputy made his returns from here in the early part of December last, and the very first intimation officially received from the Marshal is contained in the foregoing letter, after a lapse of between five and six months; and that only called out by an article in the public paper, which was responded to direct! *and without delay or miscarriage*.

We heard a few statements from Dr. Johnson respecting the condition of his affairs; but never examined the law: It was only a hasty commonsense conclusion that we drew,—that is, that he was entitled to some information about the returns before that late period. As to the source of the compensation, we confess our ignorance; and while we regret our want of information upon any useful subject, we can but congratulate ourself, to some extent, upon the virtue of our ignorance It has secured to the Deputy Marshal a knowledge of the facts that his returns have been received and were satisfactory, and that his compensation is, four hundred and twenty dollars and ninty-four cents. Information which his wisdom and patience failed to obtain We strike at no higher game than that on the track of which we have run for a short distance; and we were a little inclined to follow it until it "Tabbed Turkey." We have no fault to find now. Let the mails be the scape-goat.

I hereby certify that this letter from Hon. Stephen B. Shelledy contained in this paper, is the first line or word I have received from him since I mailed the Census returns of this County, on or about the 16th of December last. It being just five months from the date of their being mailed at this place.

LUKE JOHNSON,
Assistant Marshal.

Kanesville, May 30th, 1851

The Frontier Guardian.

PUBLISHED SEMI-MONTHLY, BY
ORSON HYDE,....Editor and Proprietor
JOHN GOOCH, Jr.,...Printer.

Do not be Mistaken! Neither deceive Yourself!

No letters addressed to us un-paid, will be taken out of the Post-office; but will be returned to Washington City, as dead letters.

Our Agents Abroad

Are authorized to receive from each yearly subscriber to this paper, one dollar and ten cents. The office charges but one dollar a year, yet when a person applies, through the mail, for the Guardian the must pay the postage on his letter, so that makes it about equal. They will be entitled, also at ten per ct on the amount of advertising they procure for us, at the rates quoted.

☞ Job Printing promptly and neatly executed at this Office.

FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1851.

See the General Epistle on first Page

This document, emanating from the heads of the Church, or first Presidency, in the City and Valley of the Great Salt Lake, is worthy to be read by all classes,—high and low, rich and poor, saint and sinner, Jew and Gentile. The candor, plainness, simplicity and elegance of its style and sentiment, must commend it to every man's conscience, as proceeding from no corrupt or unintelligent source. The Guardian will send it from the Frontier, Eastward across the Atlantic. The Star will cause it to shine over England, Scotland, Wales and Ireland; while the scattered Apostles on Europe's shores will translate and publish it in all those countries, and cause it to be sent to the Islands of the Eastern Seas,—to the East and West Indies,—to the South Sea and Pacific Isles; and finally, to all the world. Editors in the United States, friendly to the prosperity of the western Valleys, we think will be inclined to give it a place in their columns.

The feelings of the people of Utah in relation to the late acts of Congress, and the appointments of the Executive are clearly manifested in the warmest terms of approval and satisfaction. No people can ever be destroyed who sustain a Prophet of God, and the Union can hardly perish less, let the Elders abroad in the United States and Canadas urge the gathering of the Saints westward, —while the emigration from England will be stayed until further orders.

Arise ye Saints of Latter Day,
And gird the Gospel Armor on;
Do not forget to watch and pray,
While you are gathering into one.

Gamblers.

We received from St. Joseph, Mo., by the last mail, a communication warning the people of Kanesville against two noted gamblers, whose character and conduct in that city had rendered them fit subjects to leave.

The name of one is Rollins, the other Miller The latter is said to have been decoyed by Rollins, to aid him in his burglary, thimble, and black-leg transactions It is said by our informants, that Rollins had been driven away by the citizens of St. Joseph, two or three times, previous to his last exit from that place, on account of his thimbling and black-leg depredations upon a few of the unwary citizens of that place We must acknowledge, that we are not in favor of driving people, or compelling them to leave our town, if they behave themselves in a manner becoming gentlemen, and good citizens; but at the same time, let burglars, thieves, black-legs and thimblers, beware, for we can assure them that every eye will be directed to see, and every ear open to hear, where such characters may be found; and in conjunction, the officers of the county are on the alert, ready to jump upon all such, like "ducks" upon so many June "bugs." If we are correctly informed, one of those base characters was detected the other day, in the act of pocketing a V, but measures were immediately taken to recover the sum, which proved effectual, and which no doubt astonished our "New Comer."

The citizens of this place should guard against all such specimens of depravity, weakness and folly, and let them gloriously alone, to eat each other up, like so many Kilkenny cats, then their friends and patrons may pocket the *leavings*

And if the officers of the County do not put the Vagrant Law in force against such loathsome and miserable specimens of human depravity, we will vote to have them cashirred.

Mails.

Our mails from the East and South, are on the delinquent list The eastern mail by way of Fort Desmoine, which was due last Saturday, has not arrived, neither heard from up to date. The southern mail, due at this place last Friday noon, was brought in by Mr. Jackson on Saturday evening, and he states that Keg Creek was so very high, that the driver had to raft the mail bags across.

The mail due on Monday evening from the South has not yet made its appearance.

From the unusual quantity of rain which has fallen within the last ten days the streams around us have overflowed their banks, sweeping before them bridges, and damaging the roads in such a manner, as to render traveling at present utterly impossible. Here we are by ourselves, securely hemmed in on every side by the loss of bridges, and the damage done to the roads; without mails to give us the news, or any to tell us what our neighbours are doing outside

Hon. A. W. Babbitt and Company.

The latest intelligence received from the above named Company, consisting of about one hundred and fifty wagons, is, that they were at or near the Elk Horn River, on a small Island completely surrounded by water, with little or no chance to go or return, and the water still rising by the recent heavy rains. It was thought by the parties who brought the information that they were rather in a perilous situation. Several of their wagons were up to the axletree in water, and their teams and stock with little or no food were seriously exposed, unless timely assistance interposed to rescue them from the jaws of Death. Hon. B. D. Harris, from Vermont, Secretary for the Territory of Utah, lady and family are there; also Dr. John M. Bernhisel, Judge Snow, lady and family, and Messrs. Day & Rose, Indian Agents for said Territory, are among the number composing this company, and must feel not a little embarrassed in their present situation, not being accustomed to the hair-breadth escapes,—the multiplied inconveniences and vexations, incidental to a life across the plains at this season of the year. We feel sorry for their wives and little ones, and also for themselves, and would be glad to have the opportunity of rendering them assistance [illegible] in their present perplexing condition [illegible] every time that every [illegible] bone and sinew of our body are called into action, and all the force that we can muster beside, to get matters regulated here, and the emigration to the Valley off in time. We have not a leisure moment to spare.

But in conclusion we feel to note one remark made in our office, in presence of Messrs. Rose & Harris, just previous to their leaving. It was on the occasion of some Indians being rather unceremoniously whipped out of town:—That men possessing certain feelings and principles would not prosper in their journey over the plains—that their way would be hedged up, &c. We only regret that the scripture declaration touching this matter has not been fulfilled. "Whether there be tongues they shall cease; whether their be prophecies they shall fail, &c." Gladly would we be called a false Prophet in some things, if that fact could contribute to the comfort and speed of the officers of Utah on their journey to their Official Stations.

Notice.

The press of business, and the importance of doing all things in order, will compel us to close our office at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the day previous to the publication of this paper. Proof and correction,—making up the home and foreign mails in order, without confusion or mistake, compel us to adopt this course.

New Firm.

Our friend and fellow townsman, Mr. S. W. Williams, who has gained, by his gentlemanly conduct, the confidence and good-will of the people, as Clerk in the house of Donnel, Stutsman & Co., is now opening an extensive Drug Store on Hyde-Street, a little South of Joseph A. Kelting's establishment, in company with Dr McMahon, under the firm of McMahon & Williams. They have a choice lot of medicines, paints, oils, &c., and from the acquaintance we have with these gentlemen, we are confident they will be a valuable accession to this new country. They have our good wishes for their success. They will probably tell their own story in the next Guardian. In the mean time, call and look at their fine and useful articles. Perfumery and lots of other nice things.

Communications.

[...] ed (L.) It will be attended to in our next. Also a communication from "*Equitas*." This will not long be omitted. The Valley news is now at hand, and we must send that out at all hazards.

Court in Fremont.

Last week was Court Week in Fremont. There was not much business done, for the same reason that there was not much done here. There was not much to do. With the exception of some little informality respecting certificates of the election of officers: and more particularly respecting the election of "Prosecuting Attorney;"—Some little warmth of feeling was manifested about the decision of the court touching these things. With this exception, all things went off quietly and peaceably; and there was no trouble in this—all arose from a misunderstanding; and in the end, everything was satisfactory so far as we have learned. We cannot impeach Mr. Rector's conscientiousness in expressing his fears; but it has turned out as we anticipated at the Convention: His fears were ill-founded. We believed there was too much good sense in the people of Fremont to allow any such proceedings as that gentleman seemed to anticipate and predict. It has turned out as we expected and verily believed; and it only proves that Mr. R. was mistaken, a thing that the best of men are subject to.

Died.

In this Town of Billious Fever and inflamation of the heart, on the 18th inst., W. M. LeCOMPTE Esq., a worthy young gentleman, who had just established himself in this place, as an Attorney and Counsellor at Law. His modest and unassuming manner, strict attention to his own business, harmless, mild and temperate in character and deportment, secured to him the good-will of all who made his acquaintance during the short time he was permitted to live in our midst. He bade fair for usefulness as a Citizen and Attorney. We called to see him during his illness, when a little out of his head. He called for his Father and his Mother to come to him: But he is gone! and though none of his relatives were present to sympathize with him in his last hours, he had many friends here who sympathized with him, and who sorely regret his being thus cut down in early life.

Dubuque Herald.

The Fourth number of this paper is before us. It is edited by Messrs. Holt & Mahoney, of Dubuque. The character of the paper is neutral in politics, and devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Science, Literature, &c. From the notoriety gained by these two gentlemen, while associated with the Miner's Express, we cannot doubt for a moment, that their high-minded views and talent will be copiously diffused through the columns of the Herald, to all who may feel willing to honor them with their patronage. The sheet presents a neat and clean appearance, ably edited; and the mechanical part remarkably well executed. We wish them much success in the enterprise.

From St. Joseph, Missouri.

Leonard Smith and Lady, and Company, passed through Kanesville, on Thursday, May 15th, on their road to Salt Lake All well

Also Mr Horace M Frink, from Missouri

Arrivals.

The steamer Statesman, from St. Louis, thirteen days out, arrived at Kanesville Landing, on Tuesday the 20th inst., having on board a company of Saints, under the care of Elder Alexander Robbins, late President of the St. Louis Conference. Among the number of passengers were President Orson Pratt from the British Isles, his lady and family, *en route* for the Valley, in good health and spirits; Silas P. Barnes Esq, from Boston, lady and family, Elder James McGaw, one of our missionaries from Texas, and our celebrated French missionary, William Howell, and family. The latter is the gentleman who was so very successful in making converts crossing the Atlantic on board the ship Olympus, while on their way from Liverpool to New Orleans. We are informed that there were only fifty-two passengers on board the Olympus, who did not belong to the Church; with the exception of the Captain and Crew, and out of that number fifty were baptised into the Church before they arrived at New Orleans, and no less singular is a circumstance that occurred on the Statesman after her arrival here; her cooks and deck hands left her, preferring rather to be teamsters across the plains for the Mormons, and have their society in far Utah, than remain longer as cooks and deck hands on the [illegible] of the Missouri. We wish those [illegible] success, and all good and honest [illegible] whose confidence and esteem may have [illegible] by a walk and conversation becoming the Gospel of Christ.

The Robert Campbell arrived on Wednesday the [illegible] at the same place with a large company of Saints from England, Scotland, &c., under the [illegible] and direction of Elder George D. Watt, our [illegible] Phonographic Writer, and Lecturer. A [illegible] number of both companies are destined for the Valley of the Great Salt Lake this season, and the balance will remain in this, and surrounding [illegible] of Western Iowa for the time being, to raise wheat, corn, potatoes, &c. Samuel Bird, [illegible] by Thomas Wilson and John Hawkins, [illegible] a company of thirty-six persons from Cleveland, Ohio; eight of whom remained in St Louis, being unable to proceed any further on their journey for the want of means. All the Saints who have got thus far on their journey, seem to be anxious to get to the end of it, but the weather being so very unfavorable for the last ten days, they are compelled to lie on their oars a short time much against their will; but they believe that all will work together for good to those who love God, and are the called according to his purpose; therefore they endure adverse circumstances the more patiently, because they know they shall reap the benefit if they faint not.

Monies Received Since May 16, 1851.

Wm. Barton,	$0 65	Amos Musser,	1 00
Abraham Howard,	1 00	Warner Austin,	1 00
Benj. McDaniels	75	I G Crapo,	1 50
Henry Jackson,	1 00	Silas P Barnes,	2 00
John Needham,	1 00	Isaiah W Taylor,	3 00
Joseph Skeen,	35	James Henderson,	1 00
B Y Shelly,	1 00	Miss R Farley,	1 00
Franklin Allen,	1 00	Benson Brand,	1 00
Benjamin Harley,	1 00	M R Burgess,	1 00
Edwin Harley,	1 00		60
Martin Littlewood,	1 00	Simeon Stanley,	1 00
Henry Booth,	50	Alvin Nichols,	1 00
Ester Hase,	35	Richard Thorn,	1 00
Myron Higley,	1 00	Jesse Fell,	1 00
I Chamberlin,	40	Silas Wilcox,	1 00
J L Fay,	1 00	David Adams,	1 00
Ashni Thorn,	1 00	William Seatham,	1 00
S J Comfort,	1 00	Orlin P Calvin,	1 00
James Woodward,	1 00	J McCullough,	1 00
S J Comfort,	1 00	J G Crapo,	1 00
[illegible]	[illegible]	G R Clark,	2 00
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] Kennedy,	75
Homer C Hoyt,	1 00	B B Richmond,	1 25
Charles Price,	1 55	John Hudman,	1 00
M W Greene,	1 00	Abraham Goodh'm,	1 75
William Milgate,	1 40	William Brown,	1 00
I B C Wilson,	1 00	William Coots,	85
Stephen T Carey,	1 00	Sheppard Glasier,	50
James Low,	1 50	John Hawkins,	50
A Ulard,	1 00	W G Russell,	1 00
Charles Byron,	1 00	W A Norries,	1 00
James McGaw,	34 00	E D Reed,	1 00
F W Calloway,	1 00	Elisha Davis,	1 00
Wm Moody,	1 85	Robert Campbell,	1 40
Apelton Guy,	1 60	Cyrus Snell,	1 25
James Lawson,	1 60	Walker Lewis,	1 00
Wm Rankin,	1 85	George Shipley,	1 00
Mr Decker,	75	Neriah Lewis,	1 00
Bingham Bement,	1 00	Sidney West,	1 00
James Hibbard,	1 00	W B Ferguson,	1 00

MARRIED,

In this town on Sunday 11th inst., by Elder J. W. Cummings, SAMUEL PATTERSON to Miss ELISABETH RANDALL, both of Kanesville.

In this town on Sunday 18th inst, by Elder J. W. Cummings, HENRY CARLILE to Miss ELIZABETH BREWATEN, both of Kanesville. This couple sent the doings, for which the Printers return them their cordial thanks, and wish them—

Many years of life together,
Kindly feel towards each other;
And when their earthly course is run,
They wish them still, "New Life Begun."

In this town, by the Editor, on Friday evening last, Mr. JOHN Q WILLIAMS to Miss ABIGAL OMAN, both of this County, and on their way to the West.

At St. Louis, Mo, on Sunday, April 6th, 1851, by Elder James Simkins, Mr. GEORGE ARNOLD MORT, to Miss ELIZABETH GRAYSON, both of St. Louis.

Favors shown, are long remembered,
By the "Craft" who print the news.

New Advertisements.

SALE OF TOWN LOTS.

THERE will be sold at the County Seat of Fremont County, State of Iowa, a large number of town lots on the

30th Day of June, 1851.

We deem it proper to say that Fremont is the southwest County in the State of Iowa, bordering upon the Missouri river. The county seat has been recently located by Commissioners, appointed for that purpose, within one mile of the centre of said county, upon the Stage route from St Joseph to Kanesville, 12 miles east of old Fort Kearney, upon an elevated ridge between the Missouri and Nishnabotna rivers, surrounded by a country unsurpassed in fertility of soil, or beauty of scenery, with agricultural, mechanical and commercial advantages surpassed by none, and equalled by few new counties At the organization of the county in August, 1849, it contained 400 inhabitants, which has now arisen to 1,500.

Terms liberal, and made known on the day of sale.
THOMAS M GORDON, } County
A M C DAVIS } Commissioners
Fremont County, May 30, 1851.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD!!

STRAYED OR STOLEN from Weston, Mo. JOHN B. HOLMES left my house in August last, without paying his board, taking with him a few articles of Clothing that did not belong to him. He also borrowed $50 in money, under false pretences, which he never paid. He played several other swindling games too tedious to mention.

Holmes is an elderly, small, round shouldered man, rather slow spoken. I will give the above reward for his delivery to me at Weston, or I will pay a liberal compensation for information as to his present location F J MARSHALL
Kanesville, May 30, 1851.-1t

STRAYED.

STRAYED from the subscriber a brindle cow, bordering on a red, she has very large teats and wide horns, a very little gray in her forehead, supposed to be about eight years old. Whoever will return said cow to me at my residence in Kanesville, or give information of her whereabouts so that she can be found shall be liberally rewarded. JOHN GOOCH, Jr.
Kanesville, May 30, 1851.

WANTED.

EMPLOYMENT given to a good Daguerrean Artist. J. E. JOHNSON
Kanesville, May 30, 1851 —1t

ATTENTION COMPANY!!

I AM prepared to pay something to the soldiers of the Mormon Battalion, for their claim against Government for travel and subsistence from California J. E. JOHNSON.
Kanesville, May 30, 1851 —2t.

ATTENTION!
THE UNIVERSE!!
By Kingdoms, on your right, into line! Wheel!! March!!!
AT THE
EMPORIUM OF THE WEST.

JUST received and continually receiving most complete assortment of

Almost every thing under the Sun,

ever before exhibited in Kanesville, consisting in part of

GROCERIES—Sugars, coffee, molasses, teas, dried and preserved fruits; tobacco all varieties; cigars, mackerel, codfish, herring, bacon, flour, crackers, soaps, candles, spices, figs, raisins, nuts, oysters, sardines, candies, chocolate, pepper sauce, lemon syrup, fine wines and imported liquors, champagne, pickles, ropes cords, wash boards and tubs, buckets, round boxes, matches, &c.

DRY AND FANCY GOODS—Cutlery, flowers, gloves, hosiery, musical instruments, toys, fancy boxes, fine jewelry, blank books and Stationery, umbrellas and parasols, looking-glasses, Bonnets, Ladies carpet bags, wall paper, clocks, hats and caps, (latest styles,) every variety and price, from 20 cents to $5 00 Boots, shoes, gaiters, and slips, in all varieties

CROCKERY—300 sett Teas 250 sett Plates; 30 doz dishes, 18 doz pitchers, 35 doz bowls, tumblers and glass dishes, and every possible variety of wares, yellow and brown wares, &c. And finally nearly every rare curious and nice article, that can be purchased in market Just call and treat yourself to a fine hat and a parasol for the Lady.
J. E JOHNSON.
Kanesville, May 30, 1851.

DRUG STORE.
OLD STAND SIGN OF THE
GOLDEN MORTAR.

JUST received at the EMPORIUM DRUG STORE, a large, fresh and complete stock of Drugs, Patent Medicines, paints, oils, dyestuffs, gums, roots and herbs, inks, perfumery, chemicals, soaps, snuff, brushes, pencils, instruments, botanical medicines, glass and glassware, paper, twine, blacking, best imported wines, brandies and liquors, for medical use. Preserved fruits, syrups, &c., together with every article usually kept in Drug Stores, and at prices as low as can be purchased for above St. Louis.

All articles sold, warranted pure and genuine, and prescriptions put up with care and despatch.
MIND THE RIGHT PEW.
The Emporium of the West.
J. E. JOHNSON.
Kanesville, May 30, 1851.

SUMMER
BOOT AND SHOE STORE
Latest Arrival from St. Louis.

JOHN HUNTINGTON, dealer in Boots and Shoes, *Hyde Street, opposite* [...] respectfully informs the citizens of Kanesville, and vicinity that he has just opened a fresh stock of Boots and Shoes, of the latest cuts and fashion, from a Jenny Lind slipper, to a mammoth boot, and is prepared to sell at St. Louis prices, for cash only, and for quality, and assortment he flatters himself that his stock cannot be excelled by any house on the Frontier:

Come ladies! come! and view our slippers;
And all you gents, who love nice uppers;
Your children too, shall find their fit,
All latest fashions, neat and light.
JOHN HUNTINGTON.
Kanesville, May 30, 1851.—1t*

WM HOWELL,

WISHES to inform the inhabitants of Kanesville and its vicinity, that he has just arrived from England with an assortment of goods, which he intends disposing of at wholesale or retail; at his residence, at the corner of

GREEN STREET & MECHANIC STREET.

DRAPERY
Consists of Cloths, Waistcoatings, Prints, Cabough Cloths, Plaids for dresses, ready made clothes, &c.

HABERDASHERY.
Threads, Needles, tapes, buttons, Ribbons, Hooks and eyes, small tooth combs, gimps, pocket looking glasses, spectacles, silk handkerchiefs, shawls, &c.

IRONMONGERY,
Knives and forks, pocket knives, penknives razors, scissors, fire irons, pistols, fine table capes, fishing hooks, &c.

STATIONERY.
Writing paper, a fine assortment of pens, drawing pencils, sealing wax, wafers, an assortment of hanging papers for rooms, crockery ware, china, &c. A fine assortment of joiners moulding planes, double block tin, &c, &c

A LIBRARY OF USEFUL BOOKS FOR CIRCULATION.

W. HOWELL, having a circulating Library of about two hundred Volumes; wishes to inform the public in Town and Country, that he will receive subscribers names for the loan of the Volumes at their own residences, on the following terms.

One dollar quarterly subscrition, and one dollar deposit as security for the return of the Volumes in good condition. The Volumes to be returned weekly, or daily. A list of the books can be seen at his residence; a list also will be published in the next Guardian. Besides useful books on all subjects, he has twenty Volumes of that excellent work, "Penny Encyclopedia."
W. HOWELL.

P. S. Also about two hundred French Engravings for sale.
Kanesville, May 30th, 1851—tf

NEW STORE,
AND
NEW GOODS,
In Fremont County, Iowa.

NUCKOLLS, BORCHERS & BOURN, respectfully announce to the people of Fremont, Mills and Pottawatamie counties, that they are in receipt of about 50 tons of goods, consisting of every thing usually kept in stores in this country.

Salt Lake, Oregon and California emigrants will find it to their interest to examine our goods and prices as we have almost every thing needed by the EMIGRATING PUBLIC.

We have Flour, Hard Bread, Crackers, Dried Fruit, &c.
Fremont County, Iowa, April 18, 1851.—2m

Dr. D. JAYNES FAMILY MEDICINES.

A FULL supply of these popular Medicines, just received from Philadelphia and for sale by, NUCKOLLS, BORCHERS & BOURN, Agents
Fremont County, Iowa, April 18, 1851.

The Frontier Guardian.

FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1851.

Drowned.

On Saturday last, a Mr. Oonglass, of this town, started, with a load of passengers to Bethlehem, as we were told, and the bridge being gone over the slough between this and Trading Point, his team plunged into the deep water, and were struggling without being able to touch the bottom. Mr. D. being anxious to save his animals, sprang in to their aid, when he was probably kicked by the struggling horses, disabled, and sank down, came up once, sank again to rise no more. The passengers extricated themselves, but the team, wagon, and owner have not since been seen. They probably floated into the Missouri, and are gone. To us Mr. O. was a stranger; had just come into town, purchased him a home, was trying to get an honest living, but has been thus suddenly taken away, leaving an interesting family to mourn his loss. He was not of the Mormon people, yet had settled here with the design to remain.

Thus is man ensnared and taken,
Oft when prospects swell his hopes;
And the wife and child forsaken,
Caused by death's relentless stroke.
Dry your tears, ye weeping mourners,
Death, the tyrant, must be slain,
Though your hearts are sad with anguish,
Christ, your Lord, in triumph reigns.

Beware of Two Men.

They are suspicious characters, and roving about to steal and plunder. They have given too clear proofs of their guilt and depravity. They give no evidence of reform, but are believed to be lurking about, covered with blankets in the character of Indians. They steal Bacon, horses, and force cattle to swim the Missouri River. They leave their clothes by the River's bank, and are singularly secreted and in by places. It is said that a boy was whipped to death by one of them, and the other is a good Musician. We would withhold their names for their relation's sake; yet publish them to warn an outraged community to stamp the vipers under their feet. Cursed children, who have forsaken the right way, and gone after that which is unseemly. 'Till they repent, the place where they are is cursed to them. They may look for evil and not for good. We would have saved and rescued them if they would: But alas! They have chosen their own way, and in their own doings shall they be ensnared.

Weather.

It has rained, thundered, and lightened almost every day for the last three weeks. Such a time has not been known since the settlement of the country. Every mill-dam is carried away, and some mills with much grain. Bridges are all swept—and much damage is done to fences and roads. But little grain is, as yet, put in the ground.

Rain, rain, thunder and lightning enough to rend the heavens and the earth, are of almost every day's occurred. Close and sultry.

East Indies.

Late advices from Bombay report, that the cholera is raging there with fearful violence. Twenty five hundred persons are said to have died with it in one month. The destroyer is on his way among all nations, reaping with fearful virulence, priest and people, without the least respect to party distinction, or sectional formality.

G. S. L. City, Utah Territory, }
March 26th, 1851. }

SPECIAL MESSAGE,

To the General Assembly of the State of Deseret.

Gentlemen.—Whereas, the Congress of the United States passed an Act, Sept. 9th, 1850, and received the approval of the President to "establish a Territorial Government for Utah," and made appropriations for erecting public buildings for said Territory, &c. The appointments under said law also having been made, official announcement of which has not as yet been received, but are shortly expected; sufficient intelligence, however, has been received to justify us in preparing for the adoption and organization of the new Government under said Act.

I have therefore thought proper to suggest to you, previous to your final adjournment, the propriety of making such arrangements, as in wisdom you may consider necessary, in view of the aforesaid Act of Congress; that as little inconvenience as possible may arise in the change of Governmental affairs, and in relation to the organizatin of the Territorial Government, for erecting public buildings for said Territory, &c.

And now, upon the dissolving of this Legislature, permit me to add, the industry and unanimity which have ever characterized your efforts, and contributed so much to the pre-eminent success of this Government will, in all future time, be a source of gratification to all; and whatever may be the career and destiny of this Young, but growing Republic, we can ever carry with us the proud satisfaction of having erected, established, and maintained a peaceful, quiet, yet energetic Government, under the benign auspices of which, unparalleled prosperity has showered her blessings upon every interest.

With sentiments of the highest esteem and gratitude to the Giver of all good for His kind blessings, I remain,

Respectfully yours,
BRIGHAM YOUNG.
Governor.

The Legislature of Deseret, in joint session, March 28th, 1851. *unanimously passed the following Preamble and Resolutions, pertaining to the organization of a Territorial Government for Utah:*

PREAMBLE.

Whereas, in the winter and spring of A. D. 1849, the people of this Territory did form and establish a Provisional State Government, until the United States Congress should otherwise provide by law for the Government of this Territory; and

Whereas, it was under this authority and by virtue thereof, that this body have acted and legislated, for and in behalf of the people of said State, now Utah Territory; and

Whereas, the United States Congress has finally legislated in behalf of this Territory, by passing an Act for the organization of the Territory of Utah; making appropriations for public buildings; and extending the Constitution of the United States over said Territory; and

Whereas, previous to the first election under said law, the census has to be taken, and apportionments made, which will necessarily consume much time; and

Whereas, the public buildings for said Territory are very much needed, and the United States Congress having made an appropriation of twenty thousand dollars towards defraying the expense thereof, and in order to facilitate the speedy erection of said public buildings for the use of the Territory, and further promote the mutual and easy organization of said Territorial Government,

Therefore, be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Deseret.

1. That we cheerfully and cordially accept of the legislation of Congress in the Act to establish a Territorial Government for Utah.

2. That we welcome the Constitution of the United States—the legacy of our fathers, over this Territory.

3. That all officers under the Provisional State Government of Deseret, are hereby requested to furnish unto their successors in office every facility in their power, by returning and delivering unto them public documents, laws, ordinances, and dockets, that may or can be of any use or benefit to their said successors in office.

4. That Union Square, in G. S. L. City by devoted for the use of public buildings of said Territory.

5. That Gov. B. Young be our agent to make drafts upon the treasury of the United States for the amount appropriated for said buildings, and to take such other measures as he shall deem proper for their immediate erection.

6. That we appoint an architect to draft designs, and a committee of one, to superintend the erection of said buildings.

7. That Truman O. Angel, of said City, be said Architect; and Daniel H. Wells, of said City, the committee; and that they proceed immediately to the designing and erection of said buildings.

8. That, whereas, the State House in Great Salt Lake City having been originally designed for a "Council House," and erected by and at the expense of the "Church of Jesus Church of Latter-day Saints," for the purpose, as well as to accommodate the Provisional Government,—that we now do relinquish unto said Church the aforesaid building; tendering unto them our thanks for the free use thereof, during the past session.

9. That we fix upon Saturday, the 5th day of April next, for the adjusiment and final dissolving of the General Assembly of the State of Deseret.

H. C. KIMBALL,
President of the Senate.
J. M. GRANT,
Speaker of the House.
T. Bullock, Clerk.

Charleston, S. C., May 5th.

The South Carolina Southern Rights Association Convention, composed of delegates appointed by the various Southern Rights Associations of the State, met in this City and was duly organized by the appointment of the following officers: President Ex-Gov. Richards; Vice Presidents, Ex-Gov W. C. Seabrook, J. J. Ashen, N. L. Griffin, J. W. Simpson, R. H. Goodwin, [illegible] neman, and W. H. Gist; Secretaries, the Editors of the Greenville Mountaineer, Camden Journal, Black River Journal, Edgefield Advertiser, Chester Standard and J. C. Walker.

There are forty associations represented and the Convention is composed of four hundred and thirty-one delegates.

The President, ex-Governor Richardson on taking the chair, calmly, but temperately, reviewed the position of affairs. He considered that southern institutions, under existing circumstances, could not last twenty years. He alluded forcibly to the disregard of blood and treasusure expended in the acquisition of territory, and her subsequent exclusion from those territories, and said, when dangers threatening our existence thus reach our very doors, it was time to arm against them. It was futile to hope that the Constitution, based upon such legislation, could survive. Concession could yield nothing to its support. The deliberations of the Convention, he said, should be confined the when, where and how resistance should be made, though he supposed it should not be adopted rashly. He, however, would not discuss that, as he did not desire to bias them. He loved the Union; he did not believe that there was an amateur disunionist among them; he advocated union among ourselves; if any are forming in our rear, he said, let us await their approach. If in our van, let us make up to them. It has been said that whom God and Nature join together, men could not put asunder; but the reverse may also be applied. Those whom God and Nature has put asunder, let no man join together. He then argued at length on the want of affinity between the two sections of country, and advised earnest and temperate deliberation.

The Convention then adjourned. The votes to-morrow will settle the question of nullification. The President is a strong Union man. The Convention embraces many men of talents.

[By the O'Rielly Line.]

Charleston, May 6th.

Proceedings in the Convention to-day authorise us to announce that a separate State action will certainly triumph by an overwhelming majority. The reception of Rhett's resolution has been fearfully enthusiastic. Langdon Cheves and Judge Butler, who were in favor of moderation, are borne down. South Carolina is fixed for secession. Great excitment has prevailed to-day throughout the City.

Still Later.

Charleston, May 7th.

Langdon Cheves has addressed the Convention, opposing the separate action of South Carolina. The Convention have reported addresses and resolutions, which have not yet come up for consideration. The number of delegates to-day was 368, representing all parts of the State.

Mormons.

The steamer Atlantic arrived yesterday morning from New Orleans, having on board two hundred and forty Mormon emigrants. This company sailed from Liverpool on board the ship Olimpus. They had a very prosperous and healthy voage, having but two deaths, and those young children. There being several passengers on board the ship who did not belong to the Mormon faith, the Mormons began the work of preaching and proselyting; and their efforts were not unfruitful, for they succeded in gaining over to their faith about fifty persons, who were baptized on board the ship. Part of those who arrived on the Atlantic were detained at the Quarantine, on account of a man being sick of what was supposed to be cholera.

The Statesman did not leave yesterday, as was stated, but is expected to leave to-day, having on board two hundred passengers. These are mostly Mormon emigrants who arrived here a few days ago [illegible] England States, and the remainder are from this city, among whom is Alexander Robbins, the late President of this city.

The Mormons in this city and neighbourhood number about three thousand. They have a good organization, the head of which is styled a President; the present incumbent is Elder Thomas Wrigley. They hold meetings regularly on Sundays, at Concert Hall. —[Organ and Reveille, May 9th, 1851.

☞ "A kiss," remarks an old German writer "is a dish of love eaten with scarlet spoons."

THERE SHALL BE NO SIGN GIVEN
EXCEPT THE SIGN OF THE
MAMMOTH

Keep it before the people; our Goods are cheap for cash.

A

Our Motto is, Small Profits,—Cash Sales and Quick Returns.

Messrs. C. VOORHIS & CO.,

Would respectfully invite the attention of the public to their new stock and splendid assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER OUTFITTING GOODS,

which are now opened and offered for sale on terms as cheap as the cheapest. Mr. Voorhis trusts, that, with sharp scissors, a clear conscience, good-looking and accommodating Clerks, to secure a liberal share of public patronage. The stock consists in part as follows:

Broadcloths, Soap and Steel Beads;
Cassimeres, Coffee and Fish Hooks,
Flannels, Teas and Looking-glasses;
Satinets, Sugar and Purse Rings;
Fish Lines, Cottonades and Saleratus;
Molasses, Curry Combs and Alpaccas,
Ginghams, Dried Fruit and Coffee Mills,
Satin Vestings, Tar and Bed Cords,
Boots and Shoes, Gimlets and Starch;
Candles, Prints and Hard Bread;
Flour, Umbrellas and Oysters,
Champagne, Window Glass and Shirt Buttons;
Muslins, Brandy Cherries and Blue Drill,
Sardines, Bleached Goods and Raisins,
India Rubber Goods, Ginger and Wafers;
Hollow Ware, Clocks and Chains,
Tobacco, Bonnet Ribbons and Handsaws;
Leather, Fans and Rope;
School Books, Brooms and Hair Pins;
Shawls, Plow Slabs and Thimbles.
Hats and Caps, assorted Nails and Olive Oil;
Linseed Oil, Cutlery and Pickles;
Loaf Sugar, Wheel Heads and Horse Cards,
Castile Soap, Delanes and Vinegar,
Cotton Yarn, Gunpowder and Ink;
Glassware, Spool Cotton and Table Salt,
Wafers, Wash Tubs and Queensware;
Codfish, Lemon Syrup and Zante Currants;
Tamarinds, Mackerel and Claret;
Golden Syrup, Hair Brushes and Circular Saws;
Braces and Bitts, Turpentine and Combs,
Snuff, Brimstone and Brass Kettles.

PERRY DAVIS' PAINKILLER—For sale by C. VOORHIS & CO
my 30

GRAFFENBERG MEDICINES—For sale by C. VOORHIS & CO
my30

SPADES AND SHOVELS AND STEEL SHOES—For Sale by C. VOORHIS & CO
my30

PITCHFORKS, HAYFORKS, GRASS AND GRAIN SCYTHES—For sale by C. VOORHIS & CO
my30

SALT LAKE AND OREGON.
S. LOCKWOOD,
Hatter, and Dealer in Hats and Caps,
St Joseph, Missouri.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large assortment of hats and caps of his own manufacture, which cannot be surpassed for beauty of finish, neatness in appearance or durability. Panams, single and double brim Leghorn and straw hats of every description; fancy hats and caps for children, &c., all of which he will sell as low as the same can be had in any of the western cities. If you want a hat, that is a hat, and not the shadow of a hat, go to LOCKWOOD'S HAT STORE, and you can get one at a reasonable price and no where else.

S LOCKWOOD, Hatter.
St. Joseph, March 7, 1851—4m

ST. JOSEPH BAKERY,
At St. Joseph, Mo.
Hard Bread and Butter Crackers.
ROBERT LADD,

HAS a large lot of the very best of GROCERIES that he will sell at all times cheap for cash—such as cheese, fruits, coffee, sugar, nuts, oils, pickles, and sauces. Also good whisky, brandy, wine, and the very best old Bourbon, can be had at the above establishment at all times. Robert Ladd, living many years in Cincinnati, Ohio, and coming to the Western Country, he hopes by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage from the surrounding country. R. L. thinks, if they will give him a call, the first time, that they will be satisfied afterwards. The building is one store from the Bridge on Jule street, St. Joseph, and the nearest BOAT STORE to the landing.

☞ N. B. Can be had at the store, hard bread, butter crackers, pies, cakes, candies, oranges, lemons, fruits, nuts, wines, cordials, cigars, tobacco, coffee, sugar, cider, catsup, pickles, oysters, sardines, and many other notions, to numerous too mention, by ROBERT LADD.
St. Joseph, March 7, 1851—6m

CITY BAKERY
and
CONFECTIONAY.
To Salt Lake and Oregon Emigrants.

THE undersigned has commenced the above business, and will keep constantly on hand HARD BREAD, BUTTER CRACKERS, PIES, CAKES and BISCUITS, of all kinds, and hopes by strict attention to business, to obtain a liberal share of patronage. Don't forget, the place is on *Main Street, nearly opposite the Eagle Mills St. Joseph, Mo.*

BRYANT & OUNBILL.
St. Joseph, March 7, 1851—6m

ST. JOSEPH
EATING SALOON.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the traveler, emigrant and public generally, that he has entered into the above business on the *South-west cor. of Main and Robulouz streets,* St. Joseph, Mo., where may be found hard bread, crackers, cakes, pies, candies, fruits, nuts, and every kind of refreshment the heart can desire. And last but not least, a good BEEF STEAK, or Pork and Mutton Chop, with a good cup of Tea or Coffee, smoking hot, at any hour, not forgetting a first rate Glass of Beer,

Come and See,
WM. HAWKINS, Jr.,
March 7, 1851—6m St. Joseph, Mo.

M. & R. M. ROGERS,
Main Street, Kanesville, Iowa.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in, and manufacturers of
Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet Iron Ware.

WE invite all persons wishing to purchase, to call and examine our assortment as we have on hand as heavy a stock, as any house in St. Louis, and not surpassed in material and workmanship. We would also inform the *Salt Lake, Oregon and California Emigrants,* That they can [illegible] better here than at any other point, as all articles in our line are more appropriate, and better gotten up for this trade, and we will sell as cheap as can be bought in St. Louis. We have also on hand an excellent article of

SHEET IRON COOKING STOVE,
Suitable for crossing the Plains, warranted to give satisfaction. In addition to the above we have a large and splendid assortment of
Cooking Stoves of Various Sizes and Patterns,
well adapted for this market, all of which will be sold at reduced prices.
All kinds of Job work and repairing done to order. Old Pewter, Copper and brass, taken in exchange for ware.
Kanesville, March 7, 1851—tf

UTAH
AND
CALIFORNIA DEPOT.

THE subscriber having removed from his old stand "THE ENSIGN OF THE WEST" to his present location, respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he is prepared to furnish them with the following described goods, which he is determined to sell on as favorable terms as any other person engaged the trade, viz:

DRY GOODS,
Cloths, cassimeres, sattinets, flannels, jeans, kerseys, tweeds, muslins, drilling, osnaburgs, &c. Alpaccas, lustres, silks, calicos, ginghams, cambric and swiss muslins; and in fact every thing that can please the taste and fancy of customers, together with a large assortment of Gentlemen and Ladies Boot, Shoes, Slippers, &c., also,
GROCERIES,
such as teas, coffee, sugar, molasses, vinegar, hardware, hollowware, iron, glass, nails, and every kind of goods generally found in his line of business. The subscriber invites his friends to give him a call as he is determined to sell goods on as favorable terms as any in the trade. He will also take in exchange for goods, Furs of any and every description, at the highest market price.

J. A. KELTING.
Kanesville, January 22, 1851

DAGUERRIAN LIKENESSES!

HAVING employed an able artist in the above business; Gentlemen and Ladies can be accommodated with an artiful

FAC SIMILE OF THE ORIGINAL,
put up in gilt and embossed cases, most any size, quality or pattern, at the new room nearly opposite G. W. Harris' Jewelry shop. Ready with a large stock in a few days. Call and see the "PICTERS."

J. E. JOHNSON.
Kanesville, April 18, 1851.

SOLDIER'S CLAIMS.

ALEXANDER McRAE, would respectfully inform all persons interested, that he is prepared to obtain from the Government all Soldiers' Claims, such as Land Warrants, Extra Pay, Back Pay, Traveling Expenses, Pensions, and all Claims of Soldier's arising or accruing to them for services rendered during the late War with Mexico, during the last War with Great Britain, and during all the Indian wars since the year 1790.
Kanesville, Dec. 11, 1850—tf

MERCHANTS!
POWDER! POWDER!!

THE undersigned, as agents for the HAZARD POWDER COMPANY, will receive by first boat 100 kegs powder, direct from the Company, to sell here at as low a price as it can be bought in St. Louis.

DONNELL, STUTSMAN & CO., Agents.
Kanesville, February 7, 1851—6m

Highly Important to California and Salt Lake Emigrants!
WILLIAM & JOSEPH WESTWOOD,
Sixteenth Street, between Franklin Avenue and Wash Street,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
Manufacturers of Horse Nails, Ox Shoes, and Nails, Ox Chains, Lock Chains, Yoke-rings, and Staples, &c.

WISH to inform the public that they are prepared to manufacture any of the above articles to order, all of which will be warranted of the best quality; and at such prices as cannot fail to suit purchasers.

Orders for work from the country, directed in care of John T. Cane, St. Louis Mo., will be promptly attended to.
St. Louis, April 18, 1851—3t

REMOVAL.

EDWARD MEAD, Importer of fine watches, jewelry, cutlery, Britania and plated ware guns, pistols, and fancy goods and dagherrotype stock, generally, has removed to his new store,

No. 54 Main, Corner of Pine Street,
St. Louis, Missouri,

would respectfully invite the attention of the public to his very large assortment of watches, jewelry, and fancy goods, just received and now opening. Importing largely, he is prepared to sell at a very small advance. Aiming at large sales and small profits, he can and will sell cheaper than any house in St. Louis. Grateful for the very liberal patronage of my friends and the public generally, I shall endeavor to merit a continuance of their business. Offering for their selection a very large assortment of fine chronometer, duplex and lever Watches, in extra heavy gold hunting and double bottom cases, made expressly to my order, by the best London makers.

Gold detached lever and cylinder watches;
Silver do do do do;
New and Fashionable jewelry;
Silver spoons, forks, ladles, cups, &c., of my own manufacture, and warranted dollar standard,
Silver-plated castors and cake baskets,
Silver do tea-setts, urns and waiters;
Britania tea-setts, castors and urns;
Japanned tea trays;
Table cutlery, fine ivory and buffalo handles;
Pocket do of Rodgers and other makers;
Double and single barrel guns and rifles;
Revolving and rifle pistols;
Hair, cloth, tooth and nail brushes;
Perfumery; the best German cologne;
Powder flasks, shot bags, and sporting apparatus generally;
Percussion caps, German and English water proof;
Razors and razor strops;
Daguerreotype plates, cases, chemicals and cameras, a large and complete assortment, at all times on hand.

Employing the best London workmen, I am prepared to repair all kinds of watches, or to supply jewels or any new parts of watches; also to alter lever escapements and chronometer or duplex, and to apply adjusted compensation balances.

The highest prices paid in cash for California gold, or manufactured in jewelry to order.
St. Louis, March 7, 1851—4m

GUNS, RIFLES AND PISTOLS.

TO provide for the increasing trade in this department, I have make arrangements to import fine double and single barreled shot guns, direct from the best English manufacturers.

I shall be in receipt for the spring trade of a very large assortment of fine and common double and single barrel shot guns, rifles and yaugers suitable for plantation or mountain trade, Colt's and Allen's revolvers, belt and pocket pistols; powder flasks, and shooting apparatus generally, which will be sold to the trade at very reduced prices.

I have also attached to my establishment a gunsmith shop and shooting galery, where all guns and pistols can be tried to the satisfaction of the purchaser. Having employed an experienced workman I am prepared to do all kinds of gun-smithing and manufacturing fine guns to order.

EDWARD MEAD,
54 Main st., cor. Pine, St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., March 7, 1851—4m

C. C. MARTIN } 1851 { W. R. MARTIN,
St. Louis } { New York
MARTIN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE
CLOTHING
WAREHOUSE,
No. 118
Main Street, St. Louis, Missouri,
—AND—
NO. 113 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

DEALERS IN READY MADE CLOTHING will find it greatly to their advantage to call at the above establishments and look through our stocks before purchasing. We promise to show them the largest and most complete assortment in the East or West, and will sell at *lower prices* than any other House. TERMS LIBERAL.
St. Louis, March 7, 1851.—6m

GROCERIES, GROCERIES.
Cheap for Cash at
HENRY KEBBELL'S
Grocery, Wine and Liquor Store.
North-East cor. 5th and Green Streets,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

THANKFUL for past patronage I have received, I solicit a continuance of the same from the people of St. Louis, who may rely upon being supplied with articles of the best quality at the lowest prices.
St. Louis, Sept. 18th 1850

Important to Salt Lake Emigrants.
NEW WAGON SHOP.
North-west Corner of Eleventh street and Washington Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.,
THOMAS KAY,

INFORMS his St. Louis friends, and all others in want of wagons, that he is now fully prepared to furnish them with every description, made of well seasoned timber; and having a blacksmith shop attached to his establishment, he is enabled to superintend the iron work, and warrants, that none but the best materials, will be used in any department.

All kinds of repairing done with neatness and dispatch.
St. Louis, Nov. 27th, 1850—6m

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.
J. McGREGOR,
CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,
No. 50 Vine St., between Second and Third
St. Louis, Mo.

N. B. All kinds of watches, clocks, and Jewelry repaired and cleaned.
St. Louis, Feb. 21, 1851—6m

CABINET SHOP.

THE undersigned having employed a good and experienced workman, and having on hand good seasoned materials, will be able to furnish orders for any kind of furniture on short notice and on reasonable terms. A good supply of Tables, Stands, Bedsteads, Trunks, &c., constantly on hand. Just Call and examine, and examine, and encourage domestic manufacture.

J. E. JOHNSON
Kanesville, April 18, 1851

LOTS! LOTS!!

A Few choice lots for sale in the town of Kanesville. Apply soon. J. E. JOHNSON
Kanesville, April 18, 1851.

Another chance for the Gold Hunter
Great Cash and Produce Depot.
MIDDLETON & RILEY,
St. Joseph, Mo.,

ARE just receiving direct from the Eastern cities the largest and most complete assortment of California Spring and Summer goods ever brought to the upper country, to which we invite the attention of our old friends and public generally such as
Ladies dress goods and fancy fixins of every variety and latest style
Cloths and cassimeres, black and fancy—latest styles
Brown and bleached cotton goods—all sorts.
Cottonades, striped, plaid and plain.
Hats and caps, of every description—stylish.
Boots and shoes, fancy and other descriptions
School books and paper—general assortment.
Queensware—extra assortment.
Hardware, " "
Iron, nails, castings and cook stoves.
Salt, Kenawa, G. A. and table.
Ready made clothing—big stock—latest style.
Sugar, coffee, brandies, wines and whiskey.
Together with every other article usually kept in the country. So, come to the place straight and tell all your friends to come, as we are anxious you should get the gold in big chunks.
Having a large Warehouse on the river, we will attend to receiving and forwarding on the most favorable terms.
St. Joseph, March 7, 1849

To Oregon, California, Salt Lake Emigrants and the Trading Community generally.
PERRYS & YOUNG

WOULD respectively announce that they are now receiving at their old stand on MAIN STREET, ST. JOSEPH, direct from the Eastern markets, the largest stock of dry goods, groceries, hardware; queensware, &c., ever brought to the West. Comprising French and English broadcloths, of every variety, plain and fancy cassimeres; sattinets, blankets, calicoes; domestics, boots and shoes, hats and caps, knives and forks; picks and shovels, tea, sugar, coffee, molasses, salt; spun cotton, dye stuffs, rope, castings, &c., &c.

We will have on hand in a few days a large and well assorted stock of
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Purchased by one of the proprietors, who by long experience, is well acquainted with the wants of the emigrant.

Your attention is also invited to a large lot of
DRY CLARIFIED SUGAR,
Warranted to keep in any climate.

All persons who make this place their starting point, (and all who act wisely will do so for many reasons,) would find it much to their own interest to give us a call, before purchasing elsewhere, as we feel confident that they can find goods in our stock better suited to their wants and at lower prices than in any other House in Upper Missouri. As all persons procuring outfits, will necessarily remain in own a few days, we invite them to call and look at our goods as it will be a pleasure to us to show them. And they will have the opportunity of judging for themselves. PERRYS & YOUNG.
St. Joseph, Mo., March 7, 1849.

BEDFORD & CRAIGS.
St. Joseph and Savannah, Mo.
Wholesale and retail dealers in
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS
Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps,
Hardware and Cutlery,
QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE,
Groceries, &c.

ALSO—At St. Joseph, we are prepared for the receiving, baling and forwarding of Hemp in the best order and on as low terms as any house in the country, and will be pleased to receive the orders of our friends, and those who may be disposed to favor us with their commission and forwarding in general.

We beg leave through this channel to return our sincere thanks to our customers and friends, for their very liberal favors and exertions in our behalf, and hope they will always find us worthy of their confidence and a continuance of those favors, We are in receipt of our Spring stock, which is not surpassed by any house in this country, and respectfully invite your examination of the same before you purchase, hereby assuring you we can and will sell you as low, or *lower, than the lowest.*

Respectfully,
BEDFORD & CRAIGS.
April 18, 1851.

A. H. DEAVER,
BOTANIC PHYSICIAN,
St. Joseph, Missouri.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large and general assortment of Botanic Medicine, of the very best quality physicians and families can be supplied with the very best article at all times.

Dr. D. will also visit patients any distance not exceeding 100 miles. Being a graduate of the best Medical College, of Ohio, and a student of Professor A. Curtis, he flatters himself that he will be able to give general satisfaction to all those who may be desirous of his assistance. Chronic forms of disease are taken on the fair principle of "No Cure, No Pay."
St. Joseph, March 8, 1851—4t

ST. JOSEPH MILLS!
FAMILY FLOUR

OF the best quality always to be had at the OLD ST. JOSEPH MILLS, by the barrel or sack—warranted to be No. 1. The Old St. Joseph Mill is, if he will, sell flour cheaper than any other Mill in this place. Always come or send your orders to the Old St. Joseph Mill, if you wish good Flour not mixed up with the offal of the Mill. It is believed by many that the OLD ST. JO. MILL makes better flour than any other mill on the Missouri river.

Sample of my flour can always be seen by the purchaser. Remember my Mill is the
Old St. Joseph Mill, on Jule Street,
about half-way between the City Hotel and the Missouri river, and always proves to make the best of bread when well baked.

THOMAS WILDBAHN.
St. Joseph, Mo., Feb 21, 1851—3m†

MAMMOTH
BLUE MORTAR
St. Joseph, Missouri.

E. H. HAYCRAFT, having purchased the interest of Dr. J. B. HOWARD in the Drug Store of Haycraft & Howard, still continue the Drug business at the old stand where he will be much pleased to see all the former customers of the house.

He wishes it to be distinctly understood that he will sell as cheap as good articles in his line can be sold in Upper Missouri; and if an article is not as is represented it may be returned.

As all of his sales are made for cash in hand he can afford to sell very low, and he invites the attention of his customers to this particular fact.

He is the wholesale agent for JOHN BULL'S and S. P. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA. Receiving his supplies directly from the Proprietor's, and can furnish them at St. Louis Wholesale prices, thus saving the expense of freight, and risk in transportation.

The celebrated Mexican Mustang Liniment is also offered by the dozen or gross at the wholesale rates.

Remember the original "Mammoth Blue Mortar," on the West side of Main street.

E. H. HAYCRAFT.
St. Joseph, Mo., August 7, 1850

FINE CARRIAGE.

A Comfortable and easy two horse Carriage for sale, by B. R. PEGRAM & CO
Kanesville, May 16th, 1851,—tf

VOLUME III. THE FRONTIER GUARDIAN--MAY 30, 1851. NUMBER 9.

The Frontier Guardian.

POETRY.

Liking and Disliking.

BY CHAS. SWAIN.

Ye who know the reason, tell me,
  How it is that instinct still
Prompts the heart to like—or not like—
  At its own capricious will?
Tell me by what hidden magic
  Our impressions first are led
Into likings—or dislikings—
  Oft before a word is said?

Why should smiles sometimes repel us;
  Bright eyes turn our feelings cold?
What is that which comes to tell us
  All that glitters is not gold?
Oh, no feature, plain or striking,
  But a power we cannot shun,
Prompts our liking, or disliking,
  Ere acquaintance hath begun!

It is instinct—or some spirit
  Which prompts us and controls
Every impulse we inherit
  By some sympathy of souls?
Is it instinct? is it nature?
  Or some freak or fault of chance,
Which our liking or disliking,
  Limits to a single glance?

Like presentiment of danger,
  Though the sky no shadow flings;
Or that inner sense, still stranger,
  Of unseen—unutter'd things?
Is it—oh, can no one tell me—
  No one show sufficient cause
Why our likings—and dislikings—
  Have their own instinctive laws?

MISCELLANY.

Falling in Love.

BY NED ALDRO.

Well, here I am like a bank panic. This is me clean up to the handle, and chock up to the brim. How'd do? As for myself I'm like Atherton's boy, when he slipped inter the bar'l o' soft soap—slick as a bear's ribs. Now tis mor'n wonderful to observe the doin's o' human nature. I've played hoss with a trip hammer, an' seen a hen hawk whet his bill against a pile o' clam shells. But when it comes to this ere love business, I swan to-man it gits me awful. Now if a feller happens to ring in with a leetle chick-a-dee-dee he's got to either come to the pint, or pack up his duds an' strike out for perts unknown. I went to see a little critter of a gal onst. Betsy Davis, and—oh Je ru sa lem, she was a scrouger. Talk 'bout Moses in the bull-rushes, jehu! if a feller'd see that gal onst he'd melt shure. She could give sich patent looks, and kinder snicker so allfiredly it would take a pretty strong constitutioned feller to stand it. Now, I 'member onst I went to see that gal' one night, when the old folks was gone to camp meetin', an' the young uns had gone to roost up in the cock loft. When I got there, I hitched the nag to the fence elevated my standin' collar to look kinder scrumsehus, an' then I spurges in as spunky as a bee hive an' twice as nateral. Betsy—bless her leetle shadder, was mixing up buckwheat cakes for mornin'. Jest as quick as she seen me she color'd up as red as a biled beet. If she'd gin another sich look, I'd been a gone goslin. I'd got so fur, an' I jest concluded I'd buck up or swing for't. So I took a cheer an' set down 'bout a rod from Bets an' she squatted bout a rod from me, on a milk piggin, she commenced a sukerin' an' I commenced lookin' kinder most awful bilious. Oh thunder an' lightnin'! bow I did feel, I was the darndest predickament. Jest as I'se a goin' to say sunthin' she bust out a jigglin'. Je-whittaker-whaw! I lay, I was excited so I jest give her a smack s-o-o-p as meek and lowly as a male kitten! double distilled essence o' hoarhound! 'twas sweeter'n cider out'n the bung o' a bar'l O Jupiter H Codfish! if a feller could eat such things with a spoon! I was fallin' in love by tho pailfull, I could'nt stan' it—so I picked up my hat and skated. Betsy was too big a pile o' mus'-melons for the present generation, but there's Beck Wilson, she's most as tantalizin' as she is. Little Ike Hewitt courted that gal, but it ollers made him kinder sickly. He had to drop off, 'cause he said he'd be in love to the eyebrews if he hung to it. An' there's Phebe Macumber's the bare-footed one—Suffereny, she's considerable, but she piles on the love so almighty thick. Law Z! when she gets agoin' she's a perfect israel an' a whole team. She an' one o' Peterkin's boys went to a dance, an' when they got there she stuck fast in the door, she could'nt budge an inch, so the fellers went to kissin'. One feller kissed her sixty-nine times, an' 'cause he would'nt do it some more she had lip enough to cut a pair of boot legs off of. The feller had to navigate, 'cause he said he could'nt do it any more, her breath tasted jest like onions. The great fool or't to piled another dozen, it would'nt hurt him a mite. Now there's Nancy Hewitt—Ike's sister, a feller could kiss her from now till the day o' Pentecost, but she'd never git sufficient. That's the identical gal that licked a nanny goat to death in a few rounds, an' she can snake a bar'l o' cider a rod jest as easy. Her old man had a couple o' almighty cross bone hunters, an' when a feller'd show himself 'bout them latitudes he'd git himself nipped the cussedest.

One dandyfied lookin' kinder of a sucker, a regular pusillanimous bob-tailed pimp o' misery, went to saying sunthin' to Nance 'bout nuptial affairs. It riz Nance rite up to the hub, and she stickt' the dogs on him Sled crooks an' sweet briars, I never see a feller shoot so, since I tramped the face o' this continental arth. Nance huv a gridiron at him when he's leavin'. It struck him plum, an' he bounced 10 foot every pop. The way he lifted his walkin' beams an' paddled was some to a trip hammer. An' now in conclusion, I'd advise fellers not to get any further in the eyebrews, 'cause if they do they've got to hitch on or make themselves acquainted with the hemp cravat business, an' that's worse'n the yaller janders, 'specially if he's got a sore throat. An' as for the gals, you little tantalizin' chicks' you, I hope to be teetotally used up if I can think o' anything good enough to say.

Williamsburgh, L. I., 1850

Mind Against Mind.

There is a strong disposition in men of opposite minds to dispise each other. A grave man cannot conceive what is the use of wit in society; a person who takes a strong, common sense view of the subject, is for pushing out by the head and shoulders, an ingenious theorist who catches at the slightest and faintest analogies; and another man who scents the rediculous from afar, will hold no commerce with him who tests exquisitely the fine feeling of the heart, and is alive to nothing else; whereas, talents is talent, and mind is mind, in all its branches. Wit gives to life one of its best flavors; common sense leads to immediate action, and gives society its daily motion; large and comprehensive views of its annual rotation; ridicule chastises folly and impudence, and keeps men in their proper sphere; subtlety seizes hold of the fine threads of truth; analogy darts away to the most sublime discoveries; feeling paints all the exquisite passions of man's soul, and rewards him by a thousand inward visitations for the sorrows that come from without. God made it all. It is all good! We must despire no sort of talent; they all have their seperate duties and uses; all the happiness of man for their object; they all improve, exalt, and gladden life.

SIDNEY SMITH.

Eloquence of a Thunderer.

One Paul Denton, a methodist preacher in Texas, advertised a barbacue, with better liquor than usually furnished. When people were assembled, a desperado in the crowd cried out, "Mr. Paul Denton, your reverence has lied. You promised us not only a good barbacue, but better liquor. Where is the liquor?" "There!" answered the missionary, in tones of thunder, and (says a Yankee contemporary) pointed his motionless finger at the matchless double spring, gushing up in two strong columns, with a sound like a shout of joy from the bosom of the earth. "There!" he repeated, with a look terrible as the lightning, (while his enemy actually trembled on his feet.) "there is the liquor which God the Eternal, brews for all his children!"

Not in the simmering still, over smoky fires, choked with poisonous gasses, and surrounded with the stench of sickening odors and rank corruptions, doth your Father in heaven prepare this precious essence of life, the pure cold water; but in the green glade and grassy dell where the red deer wanders, and the child loves to play—there God brews it; and down, low down in the deepest valleys, where the fountains murmur and the rills sing, and high upon the tall mountain tops, where the naked granite glitters like gold in the sun, where the storm cloud broods and the thunder storms crash, and away, far out on the wide, wild sea, where the hurricane howls music, and the big waves roar the chorus, sweeping the march of God—there he brews it, that beverage of life—healthful water.

And every where it is a thing of beauty; gleaming in the dew-drop singing in the summer rain; shining in the ice gem, till the trees all seem turned to living jewels; spreading a golden veil over the setting sun, or a white gauze around the midnight moon; sporting in the cataract; sleeping in the glacier; dancing in the hail showers; folding its bright snow [illegible] zone of the sky—whose warp is the rain-drop of earth, whose woof is the sun beam of heaven—all checked over with the celestial flowers, by the mystic hand of refraction. Still always it is beautiful—that blessed life water! No poison bubbles on its brink; its foam brings no madness or murder; no blood stains its liquid glass; pale widows and starving orphans weep no burning tears in its depths; no drunkard's shrieking ghost from the grave curses it in words of eternal despair! Speak out my friends! would you exchange it for the demons drink alcohol? A shout like the roar of a tempest answered—"No!"

Growlers.

There is a class of men in every community who go about with vinegar faces, growling because some body feels above them, or because they are not appreciated as they should be, and who have a constant quarrel with their destiny. These men usually have made a very grave mistake in the estimate of their abilities, or are mitigated asses. In either case they are unfortunate. Wherever this fault-finding with one's condition or position occurs there is always a want of selfrespect. If people despise you, do not tell of it all over town, if you are smart show it. Do something and keep doing. If you are a right down clever fellow wash the wormwood off your face, and show your good will by your deeds. Then, if people feel above you go straight off and feel above them. If they turn up their noses because you are a mechanic or a farmer or a shop boy turn up yours a notch higher. If they swell when they pass you in the street swell yourself and if this does not fetch them, conclude very good naturedly that they are unworthy of your accquaintance, and pity them for missing such a capital chance to get into good society.

Society never estimates a man at what he imagins himself to be. He must show himself to be possessed of self-respect, independence, energy to will and to do, and a good sound heart. These qualities and possessions will "put him through."

Who blames a man for feeling above those who are mean enough to go round like babies telling how people abuse them and whining because society will not take them by the collar and drag them into decency.—[Capital Reporter.

Three students at college met an aged countryman, and wishing to have a little sport with him, thus accosted him. The first said—"Good morning father Abraham," the second, "Good morning, father Isaac," and the third, "Good morning father Jacob," the old gentleman replied, "I am neither Abraham, Isaac, nor Jacob; but I am Saul the son of Kish, who went to seek his father's asses, and lo! I have found three of them."

☞ Why is a young lady like an IMPOSING Printer?

Because she is very careful in JUSTIFYING her FORM.

Dubuque, Fort Des Moines, and Council Bluffs.

The eastern, and western termini of the great Iowa Railroad are indicated by these points not only by public opinion, but by the topography of the country through which a central road hence westward must pass.

In veiw of this fact, it becomes a matter of some consequence to the people of Fort des-moines and Council Bluffs vicinities to shape their future action so as to facilitate this result desirable alike to them and to Dubuque. They should not only keep themselves well informed of what is being done here to effect this object, but they should also co-operate, if not pecunisrily at least in sentiment and desire, with whatever has a tendency to unite them to the east through Dubuque.

When the Dubuque and Keokuk railroad North reaches Cedar Rapids, the people westward should be ready to carry it forward on the way towards its final destination on the shores of the pacific. Every exertion short of doing violence to one's self, should be devoted to this object, for without this, its successful accomplishment will be too long deferred.

Some may say that the country westward will not support a railroad. We reply, make the road and it will support the country. It will be like giving a soul to a new body, without which it was a mere corpse'—a nothing in existence—but with which it becomes a being conscious of life. So will it be with our western prairies, when the shrill whistle of the locomotive signals the coming of the masses of human beings continually moving westward in search of freer homes.

Without human appendages the most beautiful is but a blank in existence. Its foliage has no beauty unless gazed upon by a human eye, its herbage but little taste except for human palatee. For man were they specially formed. He alone can enjoy their beauty and their use, and he above all others should posese them.

Every thing that facilitates this beneficent design should be undertaken by the race and carried into effect, and nothing seems to be more certain of accomplising this design than the construction of a means of ingress and egress by which mankind can enter upon their great inheritance from the Father, and send back into the world behind them the fruits of their industry.

For this we want a railroad through our State to Council Bluffs on the Missouri. It is the duty of the present age to accomplish this result it will be for those who appear upon the stage of life farther west to carry it on to its final and fixed destination.—[Dubuque Herald.

Live for Something.

Thousands of men breathe, move and live—pass off the stage of life and are heard of no more. Why? They did not a particle of good in the world; and none were blessed by them, none could point to them as the justment of their redemption; not a line they wrote, not a word they spoke could be recalled, and so they perished, their light went out in darkness, and they were not remembered more than the insects of yesterday. Will you thus live and die, Oh man immortal! Live for something. Do good and leave behind you a monument of virtue. Write your name by kindness, love and mercy, on the hearts of thousands you come in contact year by year, and you never will be forgotten. No, your name—your deeds—will be as legible on the hearts you leave behind, and the stars on the brow of the evening. Good deeds will shine as brightly on the earth as the stars of heaven.—[Dr. Chalmers.

What we Call Duties.

Every man ought to pay his debts—*if he can.*

Every man ought to help his neighbor—*if he can.*

Every young man and woman ought to get married—*if they can.*

Every representative in Congress, and the legislature ought to inform their constituents what they are doing—*if they can.*

Every man should do his work to please his customers—*if he can.*

Every wife should sometimes hold her tongue—*if she can.*

Every lawyer should tell the truth—*if he can.*

Every preacher of the gospel should be a Christian—*if he can.*

And finally every reader should add to the above something good—*if he can.*

More Manuscripts Discovered.

We learn from a Constantinople letter of the 15th ult., in the Risorgimento of Turin, that public attention has been greatly excited there, by the discovery of an immence treasure of Greek manuscripts, of the highest antiquity, found by a learned Greek of the name of Simonides, in a cave situate at the foot of Mount Athos. According to this account, the importance of this discovery is incalculable, since it brings to light a vast quantity of celebrated works quoted by various ancient writers, and hitherto deemed entirely lost. They furnish, as may be imagined, an extensive list of proper names, calculated to throw great light upon many obscure periods of history. Among these precious volumes, which are composed of very thin membranes, (the nature of which is not stated,) filled with microscopic characters, some are calculated to give a complete interpretation of hieroglyphic writing, the fortunate discoverer having already successfully applied them to the interpretation of the inscriptions engraved on the obelisk of the Hippodrome at Constantinople.

For the Frontier Guardian.

Rebus.

BY A. H. B.

My *first*, is an element
  Eternally the same;
Four letters placed correctly,
  Will solve you its name.
My *Second's* a dim miniature,
  Of greatness absolute,
Filling beings endless chain,
  From a *God* to a *Brute*!

My whole when combined,
  To my *first*, is a foe;
And exert all its power,
  Its influence to o'erthrow.
An answer wanted?

T. S. TOOTLE, / H. TOOTLE. — WM. G. FARLEIGH / J. W. TOOTLE.

SIGN OF THE ELEPHANT.

St. Joseph, Missouri.

THE subscribers take pleasure in returning their most sincere thanks to their friends and customers, for the liberal patronage bestowed on them, and take this method of informing the public, that they are now receiving their very extensive stock of

SPRING GOODS,

most of which have been ordered from first hands, manufacturers and importers, in the cities of New York and Boston, which makes their stock very complete, and one of the largest on the Missouri river.

Consisting of Dry Goods, in great variety, of French, English and American manufactures; large stock of Groceries, of all kinds; Boots and Shoes; Hats and Caps; Hardware; Iron; Nails; Castings; Queensware; Ready-Made Clothing; Leather; Foreign and Domestic Liquors, together with many articles not enumerated. All of which we will positively sell at the very lowest prices.

To Country Merchants we would say, we have a large and fresh stock to offer you, at wholesale. And our facilities, now, for purchasing goods, are such, that we can sell to you at St. Louis prices, adding only the expenses of transportation.

We particularly invite California, Oregon and Salt Lake emigrants, to examine our stock before purchasing. We have everything in the way of Provisions and Clothing, for the trip, in large quantities.

☞ All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

☞ Cash paid for Hides, Wax, Hemp and Furs.

TOOTLES' & FARLEIGH.

St. Joseph, May 2, 1851.—4t

THE ELEPHANT WEST.

Kanesville, Iowa.

THE Subscribers take pleasure in returning their most sincere thanks to their friends and customers, for the liberal patronage bestowed on them, and take this method of informing the public, that they are now receiving their very extensive stock of

SPRING GOODS,

most of which have been ordered from first hands manufacturers and importers, in the cities of New York and Boston, which makes their stock very complete, and one of the largest on the Missouri river.

Consisting of Dry Goods, in great variety, of French, English and American manufactures; large stock of Groceries, of all kinds, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware; Cutlery; Iron; Nails; Castings; Queensware; Ready-Made Clothing, Leather; Foreign and Domestic Liquors; together with many articles not enumerated. All of which we will positively sell at the very lowest prices.

To Country Merchants we would say, we have a large and fresh stock to offer you, at wholesale And our facilities now, for purchasing goods, are such, that we can sell to you at the very lowest prices

We particularly invite California Oregon and Salt Lake emigrants, to examine our stock before purchasing. We have everything in the way of Provisions and Clothing, for the trip, in large quantities

☞ All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

☞ Cash paid for Hides, Wax, Hemp and Furs.

TOOTLES' & JACKSON.

E. J. HARPER, WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER, St Joseph, Missouri.

HAS now on hand, and will be constantly receiving a general assortment of the following articles—gold and silver, patent lever and plain watches; ear and finger rings, silver and German silver table, tea, salt and mustard spoons, ladies and gentlemen's breast pins, gold, silver and steel [illegible] hunting and pocket knives; steel beads, purses and trimmings, musical boxes, violins; guitar and violin strings, coral beads; double barrel guns and pistols, percussion caps; powder horns, flasks; shot bags and goggles, with a great variety of fancy articles, all of which will be sold at Eastern prices.

☞ N. B. Good Watches and Jewelry of every description, repaired and warranted.

St. Joseph, Mo., May 2, 1851.

NEW STORE. SIGN OF THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER,

On Hyde St., opposite the Printing Office.

THE subscribers have now opened a large assortment of Goods suitable for the Plains—Consisting of Clothing of every description, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Rifles, Knives, Powder, Caps and Pistol Also dried apples and peaches, teas, and wine. Also a large quanity of waterproof Clothing, Ladies Boots and Shoes, Accordions, Violins and other articles to numerous to mention, to be had at the above place, at New York prices.

Ladies and Gentlemen give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

ABRAHAMS & GOODHEIM.

Kanesville, May 2, 1851

LEATHER! LEATHER!! NEW STORE.

I WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Kanesville and surrounding country that I am now receiving and opening the largest and most complete assortment of LEATHER ever offered in this market, consisting in every thing necessary to cloth the

"UNDERSTANDINGS,"

which I will sell cheaper than you would suppose. And further, I will pay cash for HIDES, FURS, and PELTRIES. Look well to your interest! Call and see my stock, one door South of Mr. Milgates Hotel.

Very respectfully,
JOHN B. BROWN, Agent.

Kanesville, Iowa, April 18th, 1851.—4t

STAGE HOUSE, AT LINDEN, MISSOURI.

THANKFUL for past favors, the subscriber solicits the patronage of his friends and the traveling community. Remember the sign, East side of the Public Square

HENRY SANFORD, Proprietor.

Linden, Mo., May 2, 1851.—6m

THE GOLD REGIONS. COUNCIL BLUFFS AGENCY FERRY.

THIS FERRY has now been in successful operation for two years, and given universal satisfaction to the emigrants and traveling public in general. It is the best crossing on the Missouri river. Proof—Not a dollar's worth of property has been lost at this Ferry, during the last two year's heavy emigration. It is the nearest route to

California, Oregon and Salt Lake.

Proof—The first overland emigrants that arrrived at Sacramento this season, made the trip in fifty-five days from Council Bluffs. It is the healthiest route. Proof—Not a single case of Cholera has occurred on the north side of the Platte, whilst on the south side, this dreadful disease had spread gloom and desolation beyond the worst newspaper accounts that have been published. Some six hundred according to the best information we can obtain have died on that truly fatal route. Caused by the impurities in the water

For further particulars as to the route, we refer you to the best and most correct maps, and to a directory which will be published soon.

WHEELING, CLARK & CO.

Council Bluffs, March 7, 1851.

A. SORLEY, St. Joseph, Missouri,

HAS just received a large and well selected assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Embracing every variety of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, READY MADE CLOTHING, &c., &c.

ALSO A LOT OF

Premium and Hot Air Cooking Stoves,

With all the necessary fixings and pipe, which will be sold low for Cash, or exchanged for Produce on the No Credit principle.

St. Joseph Jan 22, 1851.

LOST LAND WARRANTS.

THIS is to notify all whom it may concern, that I shall apply for a duplicate of Land Warrant, No. 67,764, issued in the name of LORENZO BABCOCK, on or about the 29th day of Jan., 1850.

LORENZO BABCOCK

Savannah, Andrew Co., Mo., March 17th, 1851.

LOST LAND WARRANT.

NOTICE is hereby given that I shall apply for a duplicate of Land Warrant No. 67,767, issued in the name of CLARK STILLMAN, on or about the 29th day of January, 1850.

apr4 8w CLARK STILLMAN.

McKissick's Grove, Iowa, March 26th, 1851.

ATTENTION THE UNIVERSE!!

Reported Discovery of a Gold Mine this side of Salt Lake.

LATEST NEWS FROM THE VALLEY.

J. E. JOHNSON takes pleasure in announcing to his friends, customers and patrons that after an absence of near five months and about 2500 miles of overland travel he has arrived safe, sound and well and can be found at his old stand,

EMPORIUM STORE,

Where he will be happy to sell his friends and customers goods and wares at reduced prices, give them information in regard to the West—or smoke with them the "*Cigar*" of peace while telling a Bear or Buffalo story. As usual a variety of almost every kind of merchandize needed in this country always on hand. Flour, pork, corn, vegetables, furs, skins, hides honey and most kinds of country trade taken in exchange for merchandize.

Kanesville, Dec. 11, 1850.

Day is Breaking, Hoe Cake Baking!

A COMMODIOUS BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY AND EATING SALOON are kept in the East Rooms of Emporium Buildings. A new Bakehouse and Oven of extended dimensions attached and just completed—Hard Bread, Crackers, Cakes, Pies, Candies, &c., can be furnished in any required quantities to emigrants or retailers on good terms. Also, all kinds of fruits, nuts, Refreshments, the market affords; together with Wines, Cordials, Cigars, Tobacco, Cider, Catsup, Oysters, Sardines, Lobsters, &c. &c.

"*Give the Mountaineer a Call.*"

dec 11 J E JOHNSON

☞ GEORGE W. HARRIS. ☜

A few rods North of the Printing Office.

In Kanesville, Iowa,

Works at Watches, Clocks and Jewelry of all kinds At the Sign of Watches at the Window, ☞ AND GOOD WORK. ☜

Kanesville, Jan. 22, 1851.

G W DONNELL, A. M. SAXTON, W. T. DUVALL.

DONNELL, SAXTON & DUVALL,

St. Joseph, Mo.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Shoes & Boots, Iron, Nails, Leather, &c.

We have a large BRICK WAREHOUSE on the Levee, and are prepared to receive and forward all kinds of Merchandise and produce. Cash advances liberally made on the same

REFERENCES—Orson Hyde, Kanesville R. H Stone; T. H. Larkin & Co., St. Louis, Mo

St. Joseph, Mo., Feb. 21, 1851 4m

SAVANNAH HOTEL.

IN the beautiful and flourishing town of Savannah, Andrew county, Mo. The subscriber has established himself for the purpose of, accommodating travelers, visitors, and friends with entertainment, embracing as good fare as this and other countries can afford. He has newly fitted up the establishment formerly occupied by Mr. James Closby—has a good Livery Stable connected with the house, where persons can be accommodated with conveyances at all times. Horses, buggies and hacks in constant readiness, and on reasonable terms.

He flatters himself that, by strict attention to the wants, and devotion to the comforts and happiness of his guests, he will share a liberal portion of public favor which he solicits. Good fare for both man and animal! Call and try the Savannah Hotel, a little west of the Court House.

E. M. RICE.

Savannah, Mo., April 4th, 1851.

A HERD OF BUFFALO LATELY DISCOVERED.

THE undersigned would inform all emigrants and others concerned that his improved single shooting pistols can be had at the Guardian office, or of the manufacturers shop eight Miles South of Kanesville,—also revolving rifles of a superior quality can be had at said shop.

Call and see them, and judge for yourselves, the subscriber is confident however, that they will be found to be convenient and of the utmost utility to those who may have to cross the Plains this season

Remember the Guardian office,—there you can see them. JONATHAN BROWNING.

Big Bend, on Musquito, April 3, 1851 —tf

$5 REWARD.

STRAYED from Bullock's Grove, eight miles South of Kanesville, about a month ago, a Light SORREL MARE, four years old, with a white star in her face, and some white on one of her hind feet. When she left she had a piece of rope round her neck, and was last seen at Silver Creek. Whoever will bring said mare to the subscriber's residence, or give information that will lead to her recovery shall receive the above reward.

JOHN WATTS.

Bullock's Grove, May 2, 1851.—3t

DRUG STORE. SIGN OF THE GOLDEN MORTAR.

DRUGS, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Chemicals, Perfumery, Brushes, Pencils, Instruments, Patent Medicines and every thing generally kept at Drug Stores. Also supplies for emigrants

"Sign of the Golden Mortar,"
EMPORIUM STORE, KANESVILLE, IOWA
J. E. JOHNSON.

Kanesville, Dec 11, 1850.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned have this day purchased the Grist Mill and Saw Mill, formerly owned by Jerome M Benson, and intend to put the same in complete repair, and will endeavor to accommodate customers as well as at any other establishment of the kind in this county.

A. K. WILLIAMS.
B. K. BULLOCK.

Kanesville, Jan 22, 1851.

60 BUFFALO ROBES for sale at DONNELL, STUTSMAN & CO.

mh7 3m

GREAT ATTRACTION, AT THE UNION STORE.

Cheap Goods! and no Humbug!

RIDDLE & CO.,

OFFER for sale the most complete assortment of Dry goods, Groceries, Hardware, Hosiery, Nails, Iron, &c., ever presented to the public in the West; also, in addition to the above, a choice lot of wines, and liquors.

The goods have been selected under the special care and attention of the proprietors in the Eastern markets, expressly for the citizens of Kanesville and the public generally; and warranted to be of the best quality. For fabric, taste, variety, and cheapness, we flatter ourselves, that we cannot be surpassed by any house on the Western Frontier.

The ladies and gentlemen of this town and vicinity are respectfully invited to call, and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

"We have "*the men*," to show goods: Goods to show, and plenty more when these are sold.

Look out for "THE UNION STORE," Main street, next door to Mr. Hyde's, Music Hall.

RIDDLE & CO.

Kanesville, Nov. 13th, 1850.

Cheap! Cheap!! Cheap!!! FOR CASH.

WE have just received a large assortment of Ready Made Clothing, which for quality, variety, fabric, taste, &c., cannot be surpassed.

Give us a Call.

RIDDLE & CO.

Kanesville, Dec, 11, 1850

W. H. GOOCH. JOHN GOOCH.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION. WM. H. GOOCH & BRO.,

Kanesville, Iowa

WM. H. GOOCH & BRO, have entered into the above business, and are prepared to forward goods East or West. Also, to sell all kinds of merchandise, produce, wares, &c., as we have a large building, centrally situated in the city, where things of almost every kind meet with a ready sale

They will contract for forwarding any amount of freight from this place to Salt Lake on the most reasonable terms.

STORAGE.

We have a Large Warehouse, where we will store all kinds of goods at fair rates. A liberal share of public patronage is solicited. Goods designed for us should be marked "W. H. Gooch & Bro., Kanesville, Iowa."

REFERENCES—C. Voorhis & Co., Needham & Ferguson, Brown & Miller, J. E. Johnson, Pegram & Co., and P. Murphy, Kanesville, Iowa. Alex Robbins, H. L. Southworth, St. Louis, Mo. F. Merryweather, Cincinnati, Ohio. Silas P. Barnes, Boston, Mass. J. C. Little, Peterboro' N H. Williams & Blair, Salt Lake City

Kanesville, Jan. 8th 1851.

FOR SALE BY DONNELL, STUTSMAN & CO.

1231 pairs Boots and shoes, of all sizes and qualities
2000 lbs Sole Leather;
6 doz Calf Skins;
25 coils of Manilla Rope, of all sizes;
30 bxs 8x10 Window Glass,
10bxs 10x12 "
1615 lbs Lard;
100 lbs Spanish Float Indigo;
12 bales 4-4 Brown Sheeting, heaviest article;
6 bales Blue and Brown Drilling;
4 bales Hickory Stripe,
50 pieces Bleached Muslins, of all widths and qualities;
399 pieces Calico and Prints, of the latest styles;
35 pieces Bed Ticking, of all widths;
50 pair Coat, Bed, and Horse Blankets, all colors;
30 pieces Eastern Linseys, all wool filling,
30 boxes Rosin Soap;
20 kegs powder;
12 ½ "
15 ¼ "
1500 lbs Bar Lead;
150M Gun Caps;
20 lbs Percussion
75 bags Coffee,
12 Gum Elastic Overcoats;
20 hhds N O Sugar;
25 bbls crushed, pulverized and refined Sugar;
1000 lbs assorted Teas;
400 lbs Cod Fish;
20 bbls Sugar House Molasses;
10 bbls Cider Vinegar,
10 bbls Tar;
20 tons assorted Iron;
2000 lbs assorted Castings;
50 kegs, assorted Nails;
24 Roots Premium Cook stoves assorted Nos.
50 pair Steelyards, assorted sizes;
¼ doz Whip Saws;
¼ doz Cross Cut Saws;
½ doz Mill Saws;

Kanesville, Nov. 27th, 1850.

WANTED BY DONNELL, STUTSMAN & CO.

100 Green Hides;
2000 Dry "
3000 Coon Skins.
2000 Wolf do
4000 Deer do
5000 lbs Beeswax,
3000 bushels Corn;

For which the highest price will be given.

Kanesville, Nov. 27, 1850.

THE BLUFF STORE.

WILL our friends and the public generally give us a call? We are now prepared to receive visitors, and exhibit our choice and extensive assortment of

SUMMER AND FALL GOODS.

BROADCLOTHS—Cashmeres, Satinetts, Flannels, Drills, brown, white and blue, Cottonades.

JEANS—Kentucky and cotton—Canton Flannels, Domestics.

TICKINGS—prints, lawns, longcloths, linens.

GINGHAMS—Linen, cotton, French and Cambric.

ALAPACCAS—Black and colored, real mohair lustre.

MERINOS—French and English Goods.

HATS—Leghorn, palmleaf, Congress and Rough and Ready

BONNETS—Leghorn, Straw, muslin and fancy

MUSQUITO BARS—Fans, parasols and umbrellas

GLOVES—Ladies and Gents, white and colored cotton, silk, lisle thread and kid

BOOTS AND SHOES—Gents and ladies gaiters

LEATHER—Best French calf, kip and colored morocco

HARDWARE—Knives and forks and tools in great variety.

IRON—Steel, Hollowware and brass kettles

FANCY GOODS—Viz: Bracelets, beads, ring and other ornaments; silk, worsted and Fancy braid; combs, brushes and fancy soap; needles and pins

CLOCKS—Watch Keys, glasses and guards.

VIOLINS—Strings and Bridges

THREADS—Linen, cotton, colored and spool; tapes.

BUTTONS—innumerable, silk mould and metal

SHAWLS—Nets, Laces, artificials and ribbons

GROCERIES—Viz: Tea, coffee, sugar, tobacco spices, salt, liquors, powder, lead, shot rice, barley, crackers, soap and candles.

BROWN & MILLER.

N. B. We shall expect all debts due to us settled before 15 sept., on which day we shall hand the residue to the sheriff for immediate collection.

BROWN & MILLER.

Kanesville, Aug 21, 1850.

CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE, GLASS-ware, and Brown ware, of every variety and pattern, for sale at reduced prices at the dec11 EMPORIUM STORE